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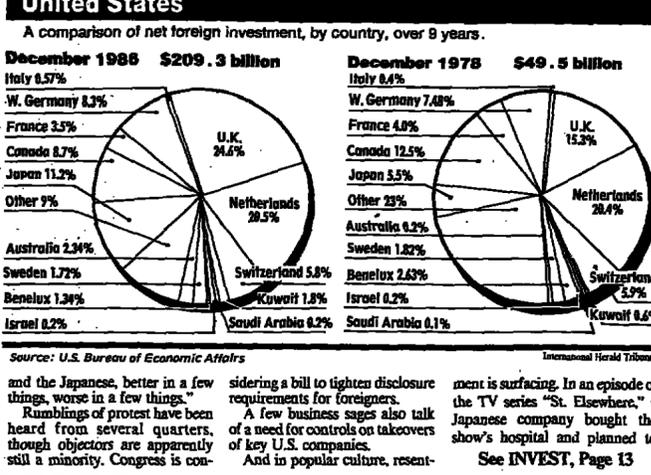
Algeria... 1.000 FRF... Argentina... 1.000 Pes...

After Years of Courting Foreign Investors, the U.S. Counts the Costs

Nation's Pride Is at Issue

By John Burgess Washington Post Service WASHINGTON—During the past five years, close to \$800 billion in foreign capital has washed across the United States...

The Changing Face of Foreign Investment in the United States



Yeutter Sees a Backlash

By Martin Tolchin New York Times Service WASHINGTON—Clayton K. Yeutter, the U.S. trade representative, privately warned an international conference of government and business leaders...

Shultz Sees Gain On Arms

Shevardnadze Says Reagan Trip 'Will Take Place' By Don Oberdorfer and Gary Lee Washington Post Service

Kiosk Reagan to Meet With the Press

WASHINGTON (Reuters) — President Ronald Reagan will hold a news conference Wednesday at 8 P.M. his first since Oct. 22...

Kidnappers Show Video Of Colonel

By Ihsan A. Hijazi New York Times Service BEIRUT—The kidnapers of Lieutenant Colonel William R. Higgins, a U.S. Marine officer serving with the United Nations...

In Mojave War Games, 'Soviets' Roll Over GIs

By George C. Wilson Washington Post Service FORT IRWIN, California—Army Private Fred Cole, sitting in his foxhole at dawn, easily spotted the Soviet tank charging up the hill toward him...



Lieutenant Colonel William R. Higgins, the U.S. Marine officer kidnapped in Lebanon, as he appeared on a videotape released Monday by his captors to an international news agency in Beirut.

Mao's '58 Plan: An Atomic Attack, Gromyko Says

By Philip Taubman New York Times Service MOSCOW—The Soviet president, Andrei G. Gromyko, says in his memoirs that Mao Zedong sought Soviet cooperation in 1958 for a plan to lure United States troops into the heartland of China...

In Jakarta, a Whiff of Dutch Is in Style

By Barbara Crossette New York Times Service JAKARTA—In Southeast Asia, where Western empires once collided in the race for spices and straits, most independent nations seem perennially sensitive about their colonial legacies...

There's No Secret About the Ballot in Kenya

Kenyans waited to vote in Nairobi on Monday in the first round of parliamentary elections that were marked by a new system of balloting under which voters had to line up behind photographs of the candidate of their choice...



The governing Kenya African National Union said that the system was needed to prevent irregularities in tallying the vote.

LOW COST FLIGHT

HEALTH / MEDICAL SERVICES

GENERAL NEWS

Business / Finance

Dow Jones The Dollar in New York

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# New Taiwan President Reaffirms Vow to Move To More Democracy

By Daniel Southerland

Washington Post Service  
 TAIPEI — President Lee Teng-hui of Taiwan reaffirmed on Monday the commitment of his late predecessor, Chiang Ching-kuo, to move Taiwan away from an authoritarian regime toward more democratic politics.

He said that the Taiwan government would study the possibility of sports and cultural exchanges with China in the course of a review several months from now.

But he emphasized that contact with the mainland would have to be on a private basis, with no change in Taiwan's policy of no official contact, negotiation or compromise with the Communist government in Beijing.

Throughout a press conference that lasted nearly two hours, Mr. Lee fielded questions with calm self-assurance and occasional touches of humor.

He even offered to make reports on his medical check-ups public.

Mr. Chiang met on occasion with small groups of foreign reporters or editors but never held a press conference like Mr. Lee's.

By meeting with such a large group of reporters, Mr. Lee seemed to show that he wants to introduce a more open style of communications with the public than that of his more aloof predecessor. The news conference was attended by 126 reporters and cameramen, including 57 representatives of foreign news organizations.

Mr. Lee was sworn in as president only six weeks ago, following the death of Mr. Chiang on Jan. 13. He was then appointed, much to the surprise of some observers, as acting chairman of the Kuomintang, or Nationalist Party, making him the first representative of the native-born Taiwanese majority to rule the island in 39 years.

The party has been dominated by a minority of mainland-born Chinese who fled to Taiwan when the Communist forces took power in 1949.

Until recently, it was widely assumed that Mr. Lee was a compromise candidate who would serve as a figurehead until a leader emerged from among the mainlanders.

But in the short time he has been in office, Mr. Lee has moved quickly to consolidate his power and has acted with great self-confidence.

The display of self-confidence by Mr. Lee should be reassuring to the United States, which not only has strong trade ties with Taiwan but

also looks to the island as a center of stability in a strategic part of the world. Taiwan is the fifth-largest U.S. trading partner.

China has proposed reunification with Taiwan that would allow the island to retain its capitalistic system. But China also has reserved the right to intervene with force on Taiwan if the island government shows signs of instability.

Chinese officials are thought to be uneasy about Mr. Lee's assumption of power because, unlike his predecessor, he has no close ties with the mainland.

Mr. Lee said, however, that it was a mistake to conclude that he does not understand the mainland, for which he said he has a deep concern. But the president said Taiwan would continue to reject reunification so long as the mainland insisted on principles that stress Marxism and the leadership of the Communist Party.

He did not completely rule out reunification, but he urged the Communists first to renounce the possibility of using military force to reunite the Chinese on the two sides of the Taiwan Strait.

"I sincerely hope that the issue concerning relations between both sides of the straits can be handled by new concepts," said Mr. Lee, in a statement that came closer than most of his remarks to offering an olive branch to the Communists.



Israeli policemen checked identity cards of Arab youths on Monday in an Arab section of Jerusalem.

# Israeli Aide Sets Limits 'On Soldiers' Use of Force

By Glenn Frankel

Washington Post Service  
 JERUSALEM — Attorney General Yoel Hersh, responding to widespread allegations of beatings of Palestinians in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, has instructed Defense Minister Yitzhak Rabin to issue strict written guidelines prohibiting soldiers from using physical force, except when dispersing riots or making arrests.

In a highly unusual letter dated Friday and released by his office on Monday, he told Mr. Rabin that he had received numerous complaints of cruel treatment to the inhabitants of the territories in recent weeks and said he feared the numbers would be so high that Mr. Rabin's assertion that such acts were irregular deeds no longer properly reflects reality.

Mr. Hersh said army rules allow for the use of force to disperse protesters and to carry out the arrest of suspects who resist arrest. But the use of force must be within a reasonable measure to reach the aim for which it is used. It ceases when the aim is reached — with the dispersal of the protest or the capture of the suspected protester.

The rule is that it is forbidden to use force as punishment, torture, humiliation or shame, Mr. Hersh wrote. He added that any deviation is against the law, and permitting the use of force against those basic rules is clearly an illegal order. He said property damage by soldiers was also strictly forbidden.

Mr. Hersh has kept a low profile and has generally supported government policies and decisions during his two years in office. His remarks reflect widespread unease within the Israeli legal establishment with the break-their-bones policy announced by Mr. Rabin last month to suppress the 10-week-old Palestinian uprising, in which 61 Arabs have been killed.

At that time, Mr. Rabin, Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and senior military commanders said the policy was designed to reinstate fear of the army into a Palestinian population emboldened by weeks of civil unrest. Mr. Rabin later denied that he meant for soldiers to use beatings as a punitive measure against the local population.

But dozens of accounts by witnesses indicated that many soldiers had interpreted the policy as allowing the systematic beating of suspects and family members.

A team of American doctors who toured the occupied areas two weeks ago estimated that several thousand Palestinians had been beaten. They said that many of the injuries, especially midshaft hand and arm fractures, indicated that the victims had been struck in a premeditated fashion and not during a confrontation.

Mr. Rabin's office had no immediate comment on the Hersh letter, but Israel radio reported that new instructions would be issued to soldiers within days clarifying orders on the use of physical force.

# WORLD BRIEFS

## Pakistani Sees a Pullout 'Ultimatum'

ISLAMABAD (Reuters) — Mikhail S. Gorbachev's latest peace move toward Afghanistan contained nothing new, Zain Noorani, the Pakistani minister of state for foreign affairs, said Monday on his return from talks in Beijing. "This is not a sign of peaceful negotiations but an ultimatum," he said.

The statement was the strongest by a Pakistani official since the Soviet leader offered two weeks ago to withdraw troops from Afghanistan by March 1989 if Pakistan signed a UN-negotiated accord by the middle of next month.

Mr. Noorani, quoted by the official APP news agency, also accused Moscow of going back on what he called a decision linked to the UN peace process to remove the government of Major General Najib. Pakistan is due to resume indirect talks with the Afghan government in Geneva on March 2 on a withdrawal of Soviet troops and a halt to aid for Afghan rebels based in Pakistan.

## U.S. High Court Backs 'Anne Frank'

WASHINGTON (Reuters) — The U.S. Supreme Court dismissed a lawsuit by fundamentalist Christians on Monday that contended that their rights were violated by schoolbooks that included passages from such works as "The Diary of Anne Frank" and "The Wizard of Oz."

The justices left intact a lower court ruling that dismissed the lawsuit and held that "born-again Christians" students could be required to read and hold that "born-again Christians" students could be required to read such textbooks. The case stemmed from a 1983 suit by seven fundamentalist Christian families challenging a reading series used in primary schools in Hawkins County, Tennessee.

The suit contended that the books promoted "anti-Christian" themes, including evolution, feminism and pacifism. It cited more than 300 offensive passages, including parts of "The Diary of Anne Frank," which was said to contradict that all religions are equal, and "The Wizard of Oz," said to contradict the Bible's view that all witches are bad. The suit also objected to passages by Hans Christian Andersen, Margaret Mead and Isaac Asimov.

## Flood Death Toll in Rio Rises to 80

RIO DE JANEIRO (AP) — Rescuers struggled in the rain early Monday to find survivors in the rubble of a collapsed apartment building in Rio de Janeiro, where three days of mud slides and flash floods have killed at least 80 people.

Officials said the flooding, the worst in the city's history, had rendered homeless at least 11,000 of Rio's 5.6 million residents, washing ramshackle homes down slopes and turning streets into torrents. By Sunday night, 9.6 inches (24.6 centimeters) of rain had fallen on the city since Friday.

Fire fighters worked frantically Monday to pull people out of the concrete remains of the three-story building in the Abolicos district. The building was hit by a mud slide Sunday that killed at least 11 people in an avalanche of concrete and plaster.

## Socialists Suggest Waldheim Must Go

VIENNA (Reuters) — The Austrian Socialist Party, of which Chancellor Franz Vranitzky is a member, suggested Monday that President Kurt Waldheim, 69, could not continue in office because of the controversy over his World War II past.

"The current dreadful situation cannot continue," said Fred Smowitz, party leader and former chancellor, in presenting a statement agreed upon unanimously by the party executive, including Mr. Vranitzky. The party called on its conservative coalition partners to discuss "a new beginning" for the presidency.

The former UN secretary-general has vowed to stay in office despite the finding of a historical commission that linked him to German war crimes.

## Spanish Communists Elect Anguita

MADRID (Reuters) — The Communist Party of Spain elected Inigo Anguita, 46, as its leader on Monday. Mr. Anguita, 46, the former mayor of Cordoba, is a native of Andalusia, the only region where Communist Party support has grown in recent years. Nationwide, the party has lost two-thirds of its activists and half its voters over the past decade.

Mr. Anguita pledged to revive party spirit and to bring two groups of defectors — activists and intellectuals — back into the party. He said he would continue the strategy of his predecessor, Gerardo Iglesias, of joining other groups in the wide United Left coalition.

The party won only 4.6 percent of the votes and four seats in the 350-member parliament in the 1986 general election. It has slipped to 11th place among West European Communist parties ranked according to vote percentage.

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# U.S. Navy Secretary Resigns Over Fleet Strength

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — Navy Secretary James H. Webb Jr. resigned Monday, saying he was "unable to support" a decision by Defense Secretary Frank C. Carlucci to abandon the goal of a 600-ship fleet and criticizing Mr. Carlucci's leadership in the Pentagon.

"This building needs to be led," Mr. Webb said at the Pentagon. "It needs leadership. It needs some vision. I'm saying that if I had a piece of advice to give to Secretary Carlucci, it would be to spend a lot more time with the top leaders in this building."

"He's been spending a lot of time with the State Department and a lot of time on the Hill," Mr. Webb said of Mr. Carlucci.

Mr. Carlucci said in a statement that he had learned "with regret" of Mr. Webb's decision. United Press International reported from Wash-

ington. "He had earned our respect and gratitude," Mr. Carlucci said. "I wish him well in his future endeavors."

[Mr. Carlucci said he had not asked Mr. Webb to resign, but said that since Mr. Webb found he was unable to defend the Pentagon budget before Congress, "He has done the honorable thing."

(The chief White House spokesman, Marlin Fitzwater, said that Mr. Carlucci would be consulted on a replacement for Mr. Webb "as soon as possible.")

Mr. Webb, 42, had held the job less than a year. A decorated veteran of combat in Vietnam, where he served in the Marine Corps, Mr. Webb was the author of "Fields of Fire," a best-selling novel about the war in Vietnam.

In his letter of resignation to President Ronald Reagan, Mr. Webb said he had decided to leave

because he could not support the Pentagon budget proposal for the fiscal year 1989.

"On three separate occasions," Mr. Webb wrote, "the uniformed and civilian leadership of the Navy Department provided the secretary of defense with proposed cuts totaling the amount required to meet the budget reduction, but which also would preserve the cherished goal of your administration to rebuild our navy to a minimum of 600 ships."

Because those recommendations "were rejected by your secretary of defense, I am unable to support him personally or to defend this amended budget during budget deliberations," he added. "Consequently, I find it necessary to resign from my position as secretary of the navy."

Mr. Webb, who became the navy's top civilian official on April 10, said that his primary concern was a decision by Mr. Carlucci to propose the early retirement and mothballing of 16 frigates.

The navy had to cut \$12 billion from its original budget plan, but still could have kept the frigates by assigning them to the Naval Reserve, Mr. Webb said.

Without them, he said, there was no way the navy could have 600 ships in the fiscal year 1989, as originally planned. Despite optimistic predictions by other Pentagon officials, the decision means that the navy will never reach the 600-ship mark, he added.

The navy secretary said he had wrestled with his concerns for some time, and had decided on Sunday to resign.

He said he had not spoken to Mr. Carlucci on Monday, but had sent him a copy of the letter to Mr. Reagan.

# Meese Memo on Payments Released

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — A memo to Attorney General Edwin Meese 3d released Monday said that a portion of \$65 million to \$70 million in annual payments to Israel were to go directly to the Israeli Labor Party in connection with an Iraqi pipeline project.

The Sept. 25, 1985, memo, the focal point of a criminal investigation of the attorney general, was written by E. Robert Wallach, a friend of Mr. Meese's. Mr. Meese has said that he does not recall reading the reference in the document to payments to the Israeli Labor Party, which is headed by Shimon Peres.

The fourth paragraph of the document said that a Swiss businessman, Bruce Rappaport, "confirmed the arrangement with Peres" that "Israel will receive somewhere between \$65-\$70 million a year for 10 years out of the conclusion of the project."

"What was also indicated to me, and which would be denied everywhere, is that a portion of those funds will go directly to Labor," Mr. Wallach's memo said.

The memorandum was declassified by the office of the special prosecutor in the case, James C. McKay, and was released by Mr. Meese's attorneys some three weeks after its existence was disclosed by the Los Angeles Times.

In releasing the memo and several other documents, Mr. Meese's lawyers issued a statement saying that the 10 words "a portion of those funds will go directly to Labor" were "the basis for the incendiary allegations that have appeared in the press regarding the attorney general."

"Seeing them in context, no one can fairly infer that Mr. Meese or anyone else reading the document should have understood that there was a 'bribe' or 'payoff' scheme to obtain the Israeli Labor Party's support for the pipeline project," Mr. Meese's lawyers said.

Mr. McKay is investigating whether Mr. Meese, who did not take any action after receiving the memo, may have violated the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, which prohibits U.S. citizens from bribing foreign officials.

DUTCH: Jakarta Memories

(Continued from Page 1)

still be found. His restaurant has become a museum to the memory of colonial Jakarta, and Indonesian as well as Dutch customers are charmed.

Indonesian intellectuals find many explanations for this warm and easy relationship with the Netherlands. Indonesian scholars, they say, have to work in Dutch to pore through documents, monographs and law books of the past. Conversely, Dutch scholars — sometimes from former colonial families who have passed on their fascination for the country — come to Indonesia for research or development work.

Dutch organizations often aid private Indonesian groups operating on the fringes of government tolerance, or keep alive the causes of Indonesian minorities in territories such as Irian Jaya and East Timor.

"We still communicate with the Dutch, and they play a useful, low-key role in helping Indonesia," said Harry Tjan Silalahi, of the Center for Strategic and International Studies in Jakarta, referring to the pivotal Dutch role in winning international aid.

He added that a lack of historical animosity toward the Netherlands may have a good deal to do with the fact that very few Dutch administrators ruled Indonesia — he estimates a peak of about 10,000 at any one time. More Indonesians thus would be indifferent, he said, rather than either pro- or anti-Dutch.

There is another aspect of Indonesia that always has set it apart from its neighbors, said Adi Sasono, an organizer of cooperatives for the poor. Indonesians, he said, know themselves and are proud of their history, cultures and institutions.

Artists and writers, who rarely choose to live abroad — despite the limited expression sometimes allowed in a society dominated by the military — say the Dutch period disrupted the traditional arts minimally, if at all. More often, Europeans took inspiration from the highly developed civilizations of Java, Bali and other islands.

# SHULTZ: Progress on Arms Pact

(Continued from Page 1)

begin removing its SS-12 nuclear missiles based in East Germany and Czechoslovakia within the next week. Reuters reported from Moscow. That timetable is well ahead of schedule and before Senate ratification of a treaty that mandates their elimination.

General Yazov said the missiles would not be fully destroyed until the U.S. Senate ratified the Intermediate-Range Nuclear Forces Treaty, which was signed by Mr. Reagan and Mr. Gorbachev in Washington in December.

At a ceremony devoted to the 70th anniversary of the Soviet Army and Navy, General Yazov said Soviet forces would start removing SS-12 shorter-range missiles from Europe within the week.

Fifty-four SS-12s have been based in East Germany and 39 SS-12s in Czechoslovakia since late 1983, when the Warsaw Pact announced countermeasures to NATO's deployment of intermediate-range cruise and Pershing-2 missiles in Europe.

When the INF Treaty eliminating medium and shorter-range nuclear missiles goes into effect, both sides will have 90 days to remove the missiles and 18 months to destroy them.

After his talks with Mr. Shultz, Mr. Shevardnadze listed six areas where the positions of the two sides remained some distance apart on strategic arms. The six areas were: the future of the ABM Treaty, inspection issues, sea-based cruise missiles, air-based cruise missiles, mobile strategic arms and what weaponry would be left after a first strategic arms accord.

"But we came to the conclusion that no problems are insoluble despite the real difficulties ahead," he said.

In a report on Mr. Shultz's meeting with Mr. Gorbachev, Tass quoted Mr. Gorbachev as saying there was still time to prepare a strategic arms treaty.

# College in Paris Names President

International Herald Tribune

PARIS — The American College in Paris has named Catherine W. Ingold, the provost of Gallaudet University in Washington, as president, the board of trustees said Monday.

Ms. Ingold replaces Daniel J. Solow, the president for the past five years. She will be the fourth president since the college was founded in 1962. Ms. Ingold, 38, who has been on the staff of Gallaudet, a university for the deaf since 1973, will take up her position in the summer, the American College said.

The American College in Paris is a fully accredited American college. It has about 1,000 students, half of whom are U.S. nationals.

# West Germany Seizes 330 Pounds of Heroin

Reuters

MUNICH — West German customs officials said Monday that they had seized around 330 pounds (150 kilograms) of heroin with a street value of 130 million Deutsche marks (\$76.5 million) at a border post with Austria.

A statement said 14 cars had been used over a long period to ship quantities of the drug into West Germany from Austria. It did not say when or how the drug was seized.

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# ABDUCT: Colonel on Videotape

(Continued from Page 1)

Responsibilities for the crimes he has committed against the oppressed people in the region."

In Washington, the White House said that it would not negotiate with Colonel Higgins's kidnappers.

Colonel Higgins was in his UN uniform when he was seized by gunmen on Wednesday driving on the coastal highway near the port of Tyre 48 miles (77 kilometers) south of Beirut.

He is the chief of staff of the Lebanon unit of the UN Truce Supervision Organization.

The kidnappers, believed to be Muslim fundamentalist extremists loyal to Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, the Iranian religious leader, appeared to have succeeded in taking their captive to one of their hideouts beyond the reach of forces seeking to free him.

UN soldiers and hundreds of militiamen from Justice Minister Nabih Beiri's moderate Shiite Amal movement had mounted a security dragnet in southern Lebanon to find Colonel Higgins but so far to no avail.

On Sunday, the kidnappers, in an Arabic statement delivered to the West Beirut daily newspaper An-Nahar, asked Mr. Beiri to abandon the search.

No Deals, Fitzwater Says

The U.S. government said Monday that it would make no deals to gain the release of Colonel Higgins.

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# DEATH NOTICE

Mr. and Mrs. KEMAL and Margot ZEINAL-ZADE Mr. Jamal ZEINAL-ZADE Miss Jasmin ZEINAL-ZADE Mrs. Gulnara ALIEVA Mrs. Farukh IRANPOUR Mrs. Tamara ALIEVA the children and grandchildren as well as close relatives, and friends are invited to attend the funeral to announce the death of Mrs. Daghmar ZEINAL-ZADE their dearest mother, mother-in-law, grandmother, sister, sister-in-law, cousin, relative and friend, who passed away in Geneva on February 18, 1988. The service will be held at the Melrose Cemetery at Petit-Saconnex, Geneva, Switzerland on Wednesday, February 24 at 1:30 p.m. Burial will follow at the same cemetery. Home address: Mr. and Mrs. ZEINAL-ZADE, Ch. des Eaux-Vives, 10 CH-1212 Geneva.

# SHULTZ IN MOSCOW

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# Herald Tribune

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

## Let the Drug War Begin

The specter of drugs is haunting the Americas. Only recently has the Reagan administration seemed fully awake to the power of the frightening and growing drug-related network of crime, terrorism and subversion in the hemisphere.

Administration oratory has been fine, from the 1986 declaration of a war on drugs to Assistant Secretary of State Elliott Abrams' recent naming of narco-terrorism as the hemisphere's greatest security threat. But little has resulted. The war goes on; when will the administration start fighting it?

One reason for the diffidence is that no one is quite sure how to conduct a real war on drugs — battling formidable underworld empires seemingly in league with foreign government officials and made profitable by ever-growing demand in the United States.

In part, it is also because the administration usually has been more intent on fighting communism than drugs. As dramatically demonstrated in the case of General Manuel Antonio Noriega, Panama's strongman, when anti-Sandinist and anti-drug imperatives conflict, drug policy loses out.

The hemisphere drug crisis now demands first-order attention. By the testimony of conservative Republicans like Alexander Haig and U.S. regional military commanders, it dwarfs armed communism as the hemisphere's greatest peril. What if it turns out to be true that the Honduran high military command — pivotal to helping Nicaraguan rebels — is part of the drug empire?

It is important to understand that the underlying enemy is neither the Latin governments that have been overwhelmed by powerful drug syndicates nor the poor peasant farmers who grow drugs, sometimes quite legally, as the most rewarding cash crop. Rather, it is criminal organizations like the so-called Medellín cartel. And it is also the huge American appetite for illegal narcotics. Without billions of U.S. consumer dollars, the vast illicit enterprise could not long be sustained. The Medellín cartel, which controls Colombia's cocaine traffic, has waged a campaign of bribery and terror to protect its members from local prosecution or extradition to the United States.

In Mexico, traffickers apparently have corrupted or infiltrated some state governments. U.S. Drug Enforcement agents have been abused and murdered, and Mexico has proved unable to reduce the cross-border flow of marijuana and heroin. In both Colombia and Mexico, the central governments appear to have resisted drug corruption but are overwhelmed by a lack of resources and power compared with the drug cartels. The State Department sensibly resists sanctions against Mexico.

By contrast, the Panamanian government is very much part of the problem; General Noriega appears to have placed his resources at the disposal of Colombian drug barons. And now the spotlight widens to include Honduras, where some drug business apparently has relocated in response to U.S. moves in Colombia and Panama.

Only Washington can lead a serious campaign to put maximum heat on the drug mob, through extradition diplomacy and logistical assistance. That will not be easy. But unless the United States makes that commitment, other leaders will be understandably reluctant to take the required risks. The first move is for Washington to show that fighting drugs is indeed the highest security priority in the hemisphere. Here, President Reagan, is an indisputably evil empire.

—THE NEW YORK TIMES.



Vietnam 1975



Afghanistan 1988

## Philippines: Its Friends Can Help Democracy Survive

By Stephen J. Solarz

WASHINGTON — Two years after the triumph of "people power" in the Philippines, the future of democracy in the "Pearl of the Orient Sea" still hangs in the balance.

The survival of democracy in the Philippines will depend primarily on the ability of President Corason Aquino to translate the promise of democracy into a better life for her people. But the ultimate fate of political pluralism in the Philippines may also be determined by the willingness of the United States and other friendly countries to provide the Philippines with the resources it desperately needs to satisfy the population's rising expectations.

The United States and its Asian allies have a significant stake in the survival of democracy in the Philippines. If democracy fails there, it is highly probable that the Communist insurgents, who have established a political and military presence in the archipelago, will eventually come to power. Should that occur, the United States undoubtedly would lose access to its air and naval bases at Clark Field and Subic Bay, jeopardizing its ability to preserve peace and maintain a balance of power in Asia.

The failure of Philippine democracy now would deal a bruising blow to the hopes of those in other countries from Panama to Poland who were inspired by the triumph of "people power" in the Philippines.

To be sure, significant political and economic progress has been made there in the last two years toward addressing the problems that threaten the survival of democracy in the Philippines. Under the leadership of Mr. Aquino, who remains popular, the Filipino people have adopted a new Constitution, conducted the most honest National Assembly elections in Philippine history, established the freest press in Asia and held the country's first freely contested local elections since 1971.

Equally impressive are some of the structural economic reforms enacted by the Aquino govern-

ment, such as the dismantling of the sugar and coconut monopolies, which together with a dramatic surge in exports and domestic investments fueled economic growth of 5.1 percent last year.

And after six coup attempts, the prospects for a seizure of power by disaffected elements in the military have diminished significantly. In large measure this is due to government actions, including military pay raises, personnel shifts and the capture of Colonel Gregorio Honasan and other leaders of the coup attempt last August.

Still, serious problems remain, including a \$29 billion foreign debt, which required the Philip-

### Despite progress, the government desperately needs outside aid.

pines to pay well over \$1 billion more in debt service to foreign creditors in 1987 than it received in new assistance. In a country where almost 70 percent of the people live below the poverty line and per capita income is less than \$2 a day, this net loss of capital represents a significant impediment to sustained economic growth.

Enormous disparities in income exacerbate the resentments generated by pervasive poverty. Corruption continues to riddle the lower and middle levels of bureaucracy. And the government is unable to maintain an effective presence in large parts of the country. Such problems have been exploited by an entrenched Communist insurgency. Despite the political and economic progress of the last two years, the guerrillas have expanded their numbers and the territory they control. It would be a serious

mistake to take the survival of democracy for granted. In an effort to improve the U.S. response to the problems of the Philippines, I have joined with Senators Alan Cranston, Democrat of California, and Richard Lugar, Republican of Indiana, as well as Representative Jack Kemp, Republican of New York, in urging President Reagan to take the lead in putting together a multiyear, multi-national assistance program.

Our proposal calls for the creation of an aid consortium consisting of the United States, Japan, Australia, the European Community and the World Bank, all of which have an interest in development and democracy in the Philippines. It would provide \$1 billion or more in additional assistance annually for the next five years.

At a time of intense budgetary pressures, some will ask where the U.S. contribution would come from. One possible source might be the extra tariff revenue, estimated as high as \$300 million a year, that would result from Mr. Reagan's recent decision to revoke the special trade privileges of Hong Kong, Taiwan, Singapore and South Korea.

The Philippines government has had trouble spending the aid available to it. Obviously, if Manila is unable to use the assistance already provided, it would be foolish to furnish additional funds. Recently, however, the Aquino government has begun seriously to address funding bottlenecks, and the prospects are promising. Making new aid contingent on further progress would undoubtedly act as a powerful incentive to ensure that assistance gets to the Filipino people in ways that are economically and politically beneficial.

The writer, a New York Democrat, is chairman of the House Foreign Affairs subcommittee on Asian and Pacific Affairs. He contributed this column to The New York Times.

## Turkey: These Welcome Trends Call for Applause

By Pamela Harriman

WASHINGTON — Turkey is exposed to pressures from its historic rival the Soviet Union, to the north, and the new wave of Islamic fundamentalists, to the east and south. It is too little exposed to Americans.

Under the journalistic variant of Gresham's Law — bad news drives out good — Turkey's early Nov. 29 parliamentary voting rated but a passing glance from the press in the United States, much like the meeting in Switzerland last month between the Turkish and Greek prime ministers, the first such substantive high-level talks in 10 years.

While a variety of off-budget provisions give Turkey low-cost access to some surplus U.S. and NATO arms, the total flow of equipment and aid is too low. Having looked in high allocations of security assistance to Egypt and Israel, the Reagan administration and Congress are obliged to spread the diminishing remainder of foreign military aid ever more thinly around the globe. Turkey's share dwindles, but its obligations remain.

Responsible for defending one-third of NATO's total frontier with

the Warsaw Pact and for controlling Soviet access to the Mediterranean in wartime, Turkey carries a heavy load.

As host to 5,000 American troops at half a dozen critically important intelligence and air installations, Turkey provides a crucial listening post in peace and an essential forward base if war should erupt. Just to sit on the shore of the Bosphorus, as I did, and count six Soviet oil tankers steaming past Istanbul's domes and minarets in 15 minutes is to appreciate the weight that geography and history have placed on Turkey.

Since Turkey carries a heavy burden of regional defense as well as self-defense, its allies must apportion their mutual obligations more equitably and sensibly. This requires more than just a higher, steadier level of U.S. military aid and more than a narrow preoccupation with preserving the balance between Greece and Turkey. What is also missing is active and visible American diplomacy. The hostility between the Greeks and Turks damages not only them

but the security of the West. Their animosity is profound, but Americans should not accept it as eternal. The longer that bitter feud over Cyprus and the Aegean go unmediated and unresolved, the weaker these allies grow, and the less they can be relied on in time of trouble.

The Johnson and Carter administrations at least tackled the Cyprus issue, albeit with uneven results. Time has not eased the grievances. But in the words of William the Silent, leader of the desperate but ultimately victorious Dutch rising against Spanish rule, "It is not necessary to hope in order to undertake, nor to succeed in order to persevere."

When America's vital interests are at stake, persistence is essential. When two such stubborn adversaries and valued friends as Greece and Turkey are locked in mutual distrust, only determined and imaginative American diplomacy is likely to prevent renewed conflict. Meanwhile, we must deal with both on the basis of their contributions to regional security.

As a secular state with a largely Moslem population, Turkey can be a forceful example of democracy in the Middle East. For it to play that role, it needs the reassurance of steady American interest and support — more than it now gets.

The writer was a member of the Atlantic Council delegation to the Istanbul Treaty Association assembly in Istanbul last November. She contributed this to The New York Times.

## 'Nobody Has Learned the Right Lesson'

By Anthony Lewis

BOSTON — Secretary of State George Shultz had the idea years ago of improving the "quality of life" of Palestinians under Israeli occupation in the West Bank and Gaza. By that he meant easing Israel's restrictions on their lives and commerce, building a degree of mutual confidence.

When he heads for Jerusalem at the end of this week, Mr. Shultz will bring with him a more urgent approach to the new urgency of the conflict. It is to give the Palestinians in the occupied territories more control of their own lives at once, by elections for a local governing council, and then move quickly on to negotiations for a real peace.

But he will face a dark prospect. There is less mutual confidence and understanding than ever in relations between Israelis and Palestinians. The emotions that are running strong are fear and hate. The realist is essential to the easing of such a conflict is lacking on both sides.

That gloomy picture of what awaits Mr. Shultz comes from a man who sees the conflict with unrelenting realism, Meron Benvenisti. A social scientist who runs studies of the occupied territories, Mr. Benvenisti has offended fellow Israelis of left and right by seeing the consequences of occupation plain, without wishful thinking.

"Nobody has learned the right lesson from these events," he said in a telephone conversation.

"The Palestinians act out of euphoria, ignoring the realities of power against them. The Israelis act out of insecurity, as if they did not understand that they have a monopoly of real coercive power.

successful. What are the Palestinians going to do if they want to see their families in Amman — not stand in line? But what will the result be? A sun population, the forces of resistance remaining just below the surface. Those are the seeds of a new cycle of violence."

Mr. Benvenisti has been trying all these years to make Israelis understand that they must choose between two courses in the occupied territories: give them up, allowing the Palestinians to determine their own destiny, or annex the territories and give their 1.5 million inhabitants the rights of Israeli citizenship.

Instead he has seen Israel go on with the unacknowledged policy of creeping annexation: taking the land, building settlements, treating the Palestinians as a subordinate population without rights. In that, he sees looming danger for Israel.

In these last months his gloomy vision of what occupation would do has been proved true. Ever since he saw that Israel holds the West Bank and Gaza by force alone, and that force has evil consequences.

An army that was the country's pride has found its soldiers breaking bones and even burying Palestinians alive. "The strong arm has become the sadistic arm," the newspaper Haaretz said.

The three-score Palestinians killed so far had many relatives and friends. So do the hundreds or thousands with broken bones, and the thousands humiliated. They will remember. Compromise will be that much more difficult. But people have not learned, Meron Benvenisti believes. I hope he is wrong.

The New York Times.

## Poison in the Trade Bill

There is protectionist poison in the trade bill before the U.S. Congress — a bill that contains much of value but also has many dangerous provisions the conference committee needs to remove. Here, from the House's version of the bill, are three cases of good intentions that go out of hand:

● To deter drug scofflaws, the authors of one section have set a draconian penalty. A company that is penalized for three violations of customs law in a period of seven years would be prohibited from importing any goods for three years. That is enough to push many companies out of business altogether. A large retailer may be involved in tens of thousands of customs transactions in a year. It is like saying to a large trucking company that if its trucks are cited for three highway violations in seven years the whole line will be shut down. The intent was not protectionist, but the effect would be to make it much more dangerous for a large company to depend on imports.

● Rising competition from China has generated anxiety in several American industries. The House, in response, has applied to the Communist countries the rule against export subsidies. Since subsidies are impos-

sible to measure in those countries, the bill would define as a subsidized price anything lower than the American price, or the average price of imports of the same goods into the United States. But in some products the Chinese can legitimately beat the average. That is how they expand their trade to the United States, and the House bill would become a weapon for choking it off.

● The bill would make denial of workers' rights an unfair trade practice, and grounds for legal action against imports from countries that deny them. The idea was to bar goods produced by slave labor or child labor. It is a good-hearted idea, but it would void protectionists with powerful legal weapons against imports from much of the Third World, not just Eastern Europe, the Soviet Union, or again, China.

Through patient negotiation over the past four decades, the United States has done a lot to raise the general level of fair play in world trade. This bill depends too heavily on threats to criminalize or disrupt the American trade that is crucial to American prosperity. The bill can still be rescued, but it will require much surgery.

—THE WASHINGTON POST.

## On Remembrance Day

After 40 years, the U.S. Congress is moving toward the final step on an international convention against genocide. The Senate approved the treaty in 1948, and it only remains for Congress to pass implementing legislation to amend the criminal code.

Unlikely delays have so often kept this job from completion that a target date is advisable. For an effort that springs from international revision over Nazi annihilation of Jews during World War II, the World Holocaust Day of Remembrance, April 14, is the perfect choice.

On Friday, the Senate Judiciary Committee held a hearing on the genocide convention, originally adopted unanimously by the United Nations in 1948. The United States led that effort, and Harry Truman presented the treaty to Congress the next year. Sadly, it is still there. Ninety-seven other countries, including every major power and virtually

every democratic country, have ratified it. The unseemly U.S. foot-dragging can be credited to a handful of conservatives who feared the treaty would undermine U.S. sovereignty. In fact, all the treaty does is to define genocide (an attempt to destroy a national, ethnic, racial or religious group), and commit signatories to work toward its prevention and to punish anyone guilty of such crimes. The treaty is as important for its symbolism as for anything — as seven presidents have said in pressing for ratification.

Both House and Senate judiciary committees seem poised to bring the 40-year wait to an end. All that takes now is for the committee and Congress to amend federal laws to include the new crime and penalties. Congress could redeem itself somewhat by not letting the annual day of remembrance of the Holocaust again pass with the job undone.

—THE NEW YORK TIMES.

## Don't Pass That Hat

Without the black church, the civil rights movement would be impossible. So would the Reverend Jesse Jackson's presidential campaign, which has its base there.

But it is one thing for church members to support a candidate and another for the church to help him directly with fund raising. That line has been crossed in many churches recently. It is a disturbing development, and may be an illegal one too. The Internal Revenue Service would do well to investigate the practice quickly.

The Jackson campaign, perpetually short of cash, apparently went to the churches for help reflexively. Supportive pastors were asked to set aside Jan. 31 as "Super Sunday," when collections in their churches would go to the Jackson campaign instead of the church. During services, Jackson campaign workers collected contributions.

Frank Watkins, a Jackson campaign official, said that no violation had been committed and that the pastors were instructed to act as individuals, not in an official capacity. But the event raises the most serious questions about church participation in

partisan politics. Such participation is, among other things, illegal for institutions that enjoy federal income tax exemptions.

It also raises questions about the willingness of Jackson campaign officials to lead the churches into temptation. A spokesman for Americans United for Separation of Church and State, a civil liberties group, said it had tried to warn the Jackson campaign that it might endanger the churches' tax-exempt status but was rebuffed.

Americans United now has urged the IRS to investigate the "Super Sunday" collections as possible tax law violations. It also has asked the agency to investigate reports that the Reverend Pat Robertson's campaign may have breached the law with some of its fund-raising practices. The IRS refuses to say whether it will do so.

The point here is not to drive religious people out of political life. But it is manifestly unfair to ask the nation to subsidize, through tax exemption, the partisan political activity of any religious group. If the limits are unclear, the IRS should clarify them.

—THE NEW YORK TIMES.

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## OPINION

## Iowa or No, The Kook Is Still a Kook

By Charles Krauthammer

WASHINGTON — With both primary races deeply muddled and with the pre-Super Tuesday lull upon us, it is time for a quick look at the 400-pound gorilla that runs the show: the media. Covering a 13-ring circus is difficult. On the basis of early returns, the media have done a tolerably good job. I count only three sources of exasperation. Adhering, however, to the maxim that only bad news is news, they are my subject.

Win, place and show: There is nothing wrong with the media treating the campaign as a horse race, but there is something bizarre about the rules they have created to regulate it. Why exactly is it that, in New Hampshire, Paul Simon had to finish at least second and Jack Kemp at least third in order to stay alive?

What possible difference to the legitimacy of Mr. Simon's candidacy does it make that he got 3,442 votes less than Richard Gephardt in New Hampshire? Mr. Kemp made his runoff. He bested Mr. J by 4,149 votes. So what? The placement benchmarks tell us nothing about whether Americans want this man for president. It is an entirely artificial construct, as artificial as the point spread in football, which is the "expectations game" endowed with the most exquisite mathematical precision. At least in football, as in racing, these devices are a contrivance to facilitate betting. In politics, they have no socially redemptive value.

Hindsight: Retrospective diagnosis is the specialty of media election analysis. Within hours of Mr. Bush's Iowa debacle, the theories were pointing in to explain why he had done so poorly. The instant consensus was that he and his campaign had been empty all along: no vision, no message, no strategy, no personality. Why did not explain very much. Bob Dole, big Iowa winner, had no message either, even less vision and a personality that is not exactly engaging. More important, if "empty" explained Mr. Bush's Iowa collapse, why was no one saying it before Iowa? This is the same George Bush who was the consensus winner of just about every debate, rising to greatness with such immortal lines as "Great, let me help you on some of this."

The people are right: The flip side of retrospective savagery, the loser is besetting — in politics that means ascribing seriousness to — the winner. History always gives winners too much respect; journalism even more so. Pat Robertson gets 25 percent of the Iowa vote and all of a sudden one is required to take him seriously. As a political nuisance, perhaps. But as a president? Mr. Robertson was a kook before Iowa, and he remains a kook. No doubt the man talks rationally 95 percent of the time. But you do not want that percentage in your doctor and you certainly don't want it in a man aspiring to the control of 18,000 nuclear warheads.

They are not in a while some of that off-the-wall 5 percent just slips out. I am not saying Bush has no oddities of his slow-renewed television evangelist days; commanding hurricanes to change course or receiving purchasing instructions from God ("He said to me, 'Pat, I want you to have an RCA transmitter.'"), I am talking about the pronouncements he has made during his campaign. His cure for Social Security, for example, offered in the first Republican debate last October: "By the year 2000 we will have aborted 40 million children in this country. Their work product by the year 2020 will amount to \$1.4 trillion, the taxes from them would amount to \$330 billion and they could ensure the fiscal stability of the Social Security system." As an argument against abortion (of which there are many), this reasoning is loony enough. Coming through Mr. Robertson's fixed grin. It causes a chill.

On the eve of New Hampshire, Mr. Robertson imagined his very own Cuban missile crisis by blithely announcing that Cuba was hiding SS-34 and SS-5s. "My contention is there might be missiles in the caves. I do not know the exact sizing of it. But nobody can say for certain that those missiles aren't there." And nobody can say for certain that Bigfoot hasn't bought a condominium in Hawaii.

Americans tend to believe that if a man gathers a following, political etiquette requires according him deference and assuming his seriousness. The cast of kooks that have achieved political power in this century (in Europe especially) should be impressive enough to discourage this liberal attitude. Fifty million Frenchmen (and Italians and Germans) can be wrong. So can 26,761 Iowa voters.

Washington Post Writers Group

## John Pont

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OPINION

John Paul II the Relativist, Pontificating Against Blocs

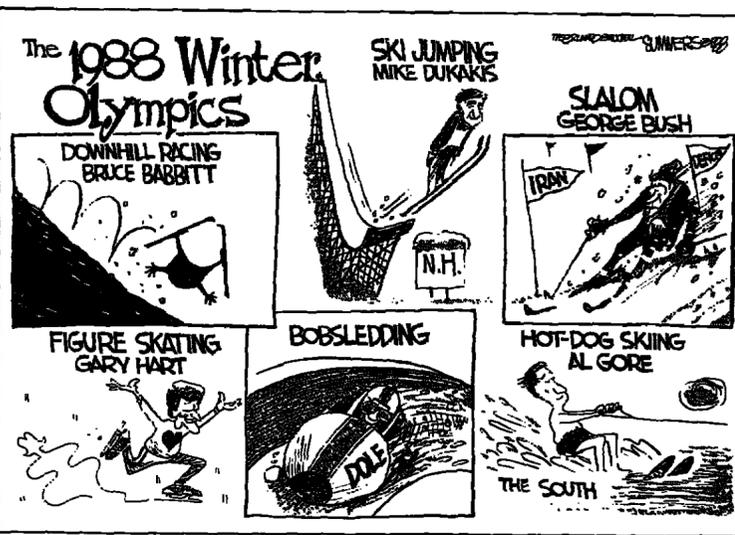
By William Safire

WASHINGTON — By issuance of his 20,000-word, personally written encyclical, "The Social Concerns of the Church," Pope John Paul II risks becoming known as the foremost political-moral relativist of our time. Relativism? The pope? Isn't he supposed to be pre-eminent in the struggle against the shifting of values and blurring of responsibility, a world religious leader morally bound to define the difference between right and wrong? Not this pope when it comes to geopolitics. In his doctrinal instruction, he sets "the existence of two opposing blocs, commonly known as the East and the West." He recognizes that at the base of this antagonism are ideologies with "two very different visions of man and of his freedom and social role."

Making Plowshares

IT is naive to think that the Soviet and U.S. governments would renounce the use of swords in the Third World and devote comparable energy to making plowshares together. Yet there is an avenue both could take: They could isolate areas of mutual concern and work jointly on pressing problems in the Third World — problems shared, in truth, by all the world. In recent months we have suggested this idea to numerous Russians and Americans with encouraging responses. Numerous problem areas would suit a cooperative U.S.-Soviet approach. A joint medical team could staff a clinic or fight an epidemic. A mixed group could help clean up toxic wastes, or prevent desertification, or develop new energy resources. Emergency and disaster relief is a natural area for cooperation.

— John Marks and James Garrison, executive directors respectively of Search for Common Ground and the Easlen Institute's international cooperation program, writing in the Los Angeles Times.



Potholes in the Fast Lane But No Wolfe at the Door

By Howard Fast

NEW YORK — At 11 o'clock on a Friday morning, my wife and I were on our way to Connecticut. Avoiding the Triboro Bridge, we took the underpass that would take us to Bruckner Boulevard. In tune with Mayor Edward Koch's other economics, it was completely unlighted, and, at about 35 miles (55 kilometers) an hour, we hit a pothole large enough to bury a barrel. The resulting crash made it feel as if the entire car had come apart, but we managed to grind and creek our way out onto the street. There I discovered that the front and back wheels on the left side had been broken. The rear tire was flat, the front tire nearly so. With the Volvo screaming in protest, I managed to crawl for a few blocks and get out of traffic, and there, by an abandoned building, we came to a stop. And my wife said, not happily, "Do you realize we're in Tom Wolfe's book?"

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Bad News for Veeps

As the U.S. presidential campaign gathers momentum there is one small fact of history that to my knowledge none of the political pundits has yet pointed out. Not since Martin Van Buren was elected in 1836 has a sitting vice president running for president been elected directly to the White House. This includes Richard Nixon, who finally gained his objective eight years after leaving the White House, and then only by the skin of his teeth.

Bad News for Veeps

Bush distinguished himself by his steadfast loyalty to the president and by refusing to criticize the Reagan administration's record, at least in public. More important, Mr. Bush has never stated that he would change in any way the outline and the direction of foreign and domestic policy handed down by the Reagan administration.

It's Still the Same System

I do not think the press has yet assisted the public in reaching appropriate conclusions from the recent Soviet announcement that the imposition of the death sentence on leaders of the Soviet Union in 1936 was illegal. The announcement dealt with the cases of 20 Bolsheviks, two of whom, Nikolai Bukharin and Alexei Rykov, were at the pinnacle of power.

Whose Foreign Policy?

Regarding "Bush Is the Man to Repair U.S. Foreign Policy" (Letters, Feb. 12): Miles Copeland breathlessly informs us that he and other old foreign policy pros have met somewhere in the woods and decided that the American people must vote for George Bush for president, under pain of finding themselves "in even greater trouble."

Velikovsky Vindicated

Regarding the opinion column "Some Tantalizing Evidence of the Planet's 'Young Past'" by George Will and the New York Times editorial excerpt, "Scholarship Bricks" (Feb. 5), I would strongly recommend that your readers become acquainted with the works of the scientist Immanuel Velikovsky. His "Worlds in Collision" and "Earth in Upheaval" (first published in Britain in 1950 and 1955, respectively), were considered heretical in their day. They were the sub-

Letters to the Editor

much the same in 1936 as it is now. The Soviet citizen was presumably protected then by a structure that was supposed to prevent what we refer to as human rights abuse. This was for naught in the hands of Stalin and his henchmen. Can one be sure that this system cannot again be manipulated by Communist Party leaders? Is there not something basically wrong with a system that can permit such wholesale trampling on the rights of its citizens?

'Broad' vs. 'Narrow'

I find a certain irony in the recent battle over the INF and ABM treaties between administration hard-liners who want a "broad" interpretation of the wording about arms in space, and congressional Democrats who want the administration to have to stick to a "narrow" interpretation ("Interpretation of '72 ABM Pact Overlooks U.S. Senate Debate on INF Treaty," Feb. 10). A large part of the constitutional crisis in America today hinges on the difference between "broad" and "narrow" interpretations of various clauses of the Constitution (particularly the "equal protection" clause of the 14th Amendment), with staunch conservatives on the side of the narrow interpretation in this case, and the liberals pressing a broad interpretation for all of it.

GENERAL NEWS

Despite EC Pressures, France Is Encouraging Young Farmers to Stay

By James M. Markham

COURTENAY, France — At first glance, it seemed that the long arm of the European Community had reached Remi Guinebault and Philippe Follet on their 300 acres amid the verdant flatlands that stretch between the Yonne and Loire rivers. A square-shouldered farmer in muddy boots, Mr. Follet gripped a computer printout from the local milk cooperative explaining that, if his 60 Holstein cows produced the 236,215 liters (248,025 quarts) of milk that they did last year, he and his brother-in-law would be 4 percent over their quota. They would have to pay a fine of 161,552 francs (\$29,373).



Philippe Follet, left, with Remi Guinebault and Remi's son on their farm in Courtenay, France.

Less Than a Wee Bit for Irish U.S. Aid Budget Shocks Dublin and Angers Its Backers

By Karen DeYoung

WASHINGTON Post Service DUBLIN — A shudder of nervous disbelief went through the capital of the Emerald Isle when word arrived in the halls of government that a big, fat zero had turned up next to the word Ireland in the Reagan administration's foreign aid request. Not only was the column blank, but the U.S. deputy secretary of state, John C. Whitehead, had remarked, reportedly in an offhand way, that the United States "does not receive a real return" on its investment in Ireland.

MEMOIR: Gromyko Tells of Mao's 1958 Plan for a Nuclear Attack on U.S. Troops

(Continued from Page 1)

Ronald Reagan and 14 secretaries of state from Cordell Hull to George P. Shultz. Mr. Gromyko presents a self-portrait of a consummately professional diplomat, a man who carried out the instructions of the Communist Party leadership with unfailing discretion and determination. In the traditional style of Soviet political autobiography, Mr. Gromyko finds almost nothing to fault in Moscow's handling of international relations. He describes a meeting on Oct. 18, 1962, in the White House with President John F. Kennedy during the Cuban missile crisis, as "perhaps the most complex" discussion in his 48 years as a diplomat.

MEMOIR: Gromyko Tells of Mao's 1958 Plan for a Nuclear Attack on U.S. Troops

presence of Soviet missiles in Cuba. "Consequently," he writes, "I did not have to answer whether or not there were such weapons in Cuba." The Soviet official expresses regret that Kennedy was assassinated just as the president seemed to be gaining a deeper understanding of Soviet concerns and appeared to be moving toward improved relations. He reserves special praise for Roosevelt. Mr. Gromyko was 30 when he arrived in Washington in 1939 as a Soviet diplomat. Four years later, he became Moscow's ambassador, a post he retained until 1946. He recalls Roosevelt with respect and affection, describing him as someone "who knew how to conduct conversation freely, without any tension," and a leader who knew how to make and carry out policy. Mr. Gromyko touches only lightly on most other presidents he met, offering faint praise for Harry S.

Surprising, Kennan Says

George F. Kennan, a professor at the Institute for Advanced Study in Princeton, New Jersey, and ambassador to the Soviet Union in the early 1950s, said Mr. Gromyko's account of the 1958 meeting with Mao was the first he had heard of such a conversation. The New York Times reported from Washington. Mr. Kennan said he found it surprising the Mao would propose such a course of action, but he also said it was unlikely that Mr. Gromyko would fabricate such a discussion. "I think Mr. Gromyko is highly factual and accurate," Mr. Kennan said. "He is a very serious man."



SPORTS / 1988 WINTER OLYMPICS

Wolf Triumphs In Slalom, Wind Halts Ski Jumps

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches
CALGARY, Alberta — Sigrid Wolf of Austria, blistering down the lower two-thirds of the women's super giant slalom course Monday after a slow start, won her country's third gold medal in Alpine skiing at the Winter Olympics.



Michela Figini of Switzerland almost fell, but won the silver medal Monday in the women's super-giant slalom at the Winter Olympics.

Figini finished in 1:20.03, Percy in 1:20.29.
Regine Moeslechner of West Germany was fourth in 1:20.33, followed by Anita Wachter of Austria in 1:20.36 and Maria Walliser of Switzerland in 1:20.48.

overall standings, said she was "happy with the silver. The downhill," in which she had a ninth-place finish, "wasn't too good for me but today is a beautiful day, with no wind and sunshine. My performance was very good. I tried to get a medal and I did."

Sweden's Gustafson Skates to World Mark



Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches
CALGARY, Alberta — Tomas Gustafson of Sweden, who went into the 10,000-meter speed skating race seeking his second Olympic gold medal, got both it and a world record.

in which none of its skiers finished better than 10th.

The turning point Monday came about four kilometers into the third leg, when Mikhail Deviatyarov fell near a bend on a downhill stretch. The Soviet skier, who had just been overtaken for the lead by Svan, scrambled to his feet but lost almost 15 seconds.

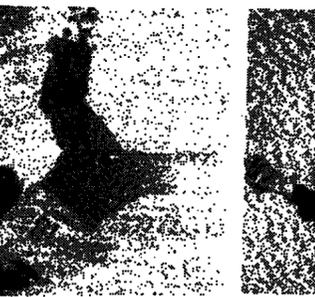
Sweden won that race. (AP, UPI)

Finn Hockey Team Gains as U.S. Falls, Soviets Rout Czechs

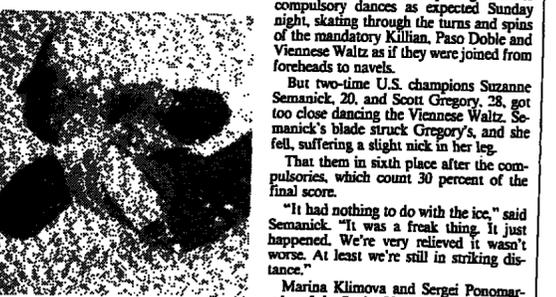
Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches
CALGARY, Alberta — Finland became the sixth and final team in the Olympic hockey tournament's medal round Monday with a 5-1 victory over a Polish team that had earlier fallen out of the medal chase because of a steroid scandal.

Only 36 seconds later, the goalie got another scare when Rödger, one of five Canadian-born players on the West German team, skated in on a breakaway.

The Soviets dominated the Czechs, putting 44 shots on goal to 21. It must have been a chilling thought to the other teams that had the Czech goalies not made several superb saves, the score would have been much worse. (NYT, WP, AP)



Maria Quintana of Steamboat Springs, Colorado, leaped into a triple back somersault during the aerial freestyle skiing competition Sunday but landed on her head, then tumbled down the slope.



Maria Quintana of Steamboat Springs, Colorado, leaped into a triple back somersault during the aerial freestyle skiing competition Sunday but landed on her head, then tumbled down the slope.

Rustle up the family. Call home. AT&T. The right choice. Even when you're away for just a few days, you long for the comforts of your own home. The warmth of your own family. So why not give them a call? Reach out and touch someone.

OLYMPIC NOTEBOOK

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches
The Winter Games will end as scheduled Sunday even if bad weather prevents all the events from taking place, according to Juan Antonio Samaranch, president of the International Olympic Committee.

SPORTS

College Basketball Has to Rein In Its Fans

Washington Post Service

WEST LAFAYETTE, Indiana — Once again, crowd behavior at college basketball games is becoming a problem around the country. In the last several weeks, incidents have highlighted the lack of crowd control in many arenas.

• The Duke student who dresses as the Blue Devil appeared during Duke's game against Notre Dame with "Buckwheat" written across the top of his head. The reference was to the black character in "The Little Rascals" who has been lampooned in recent years by Eddie Murphy when he appeared on "Saturday Night Live."

• The "Buckwheat" reference was seen as a racial slur directed at Notre Dame's David Rivers and has brought about an angry protest by the Association of Black Coaches. Duke has responded by suspending the student from his position as Blue Devil, but no school official took action during the game.

• Students at Missouri who call themselves "the Antlers" shouted things at Iowa State's Jeff Gray, many of them profane references to members of his family, during pregame warm-ups, reducing Gray to tears.

• Georgetown students chanted "Prop 48" at Syracuse's Earl Duncan while he shot free throws (Duncan sat out his freshman season because he failed to meet Proposition 48 academic requirements) and two nights later chanted, "Just Say No," in the direction of Villanova students, a reference to former player Gerry McLean's confession last spring that he used cocaine throughout his Villanova career.

• A plastic cup just missed the head of official Larry Gordon during Saturday's Georgia Tech-North Carolina State game. It was one of

VANTAGE POINT/John Feinstein

several things thrown from the stands after NCS Coach Jim Valvano was given a first-half technical foul.

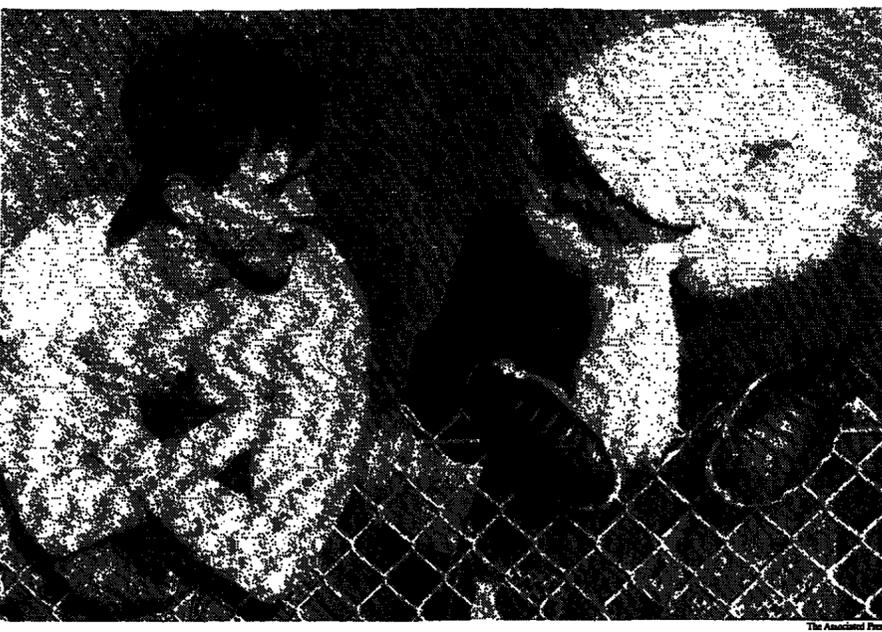
These are not isolated incidents. Profanity and debris-throwing have so increased that the NCAA has authorized officials to call a two-shot technical foul on the head coach for crowd misbehavior.

That won't stop the problem. The only person who can get crowds to respond, regardless of the school, is the head coach. Mike Krzyzewski, has often written in

out of line in any way. Fan participation is an important part of college basketball, but not this way.

Meanwhile, in the past five weeks of Big East Conference play, the following has happened: a brawl between Georgetown and Pittsburgh, a brawl between Georgetown and Boston College, an angry exchange of on-court obscenities between Pitt Coach Paul Evans and Villanova Coach Rollie Massimino and, last Saturday, a rematch between Georgetown and Pitt.

The conference's executive committee, which could authorize suspensions, meets this week.



The unpredictable weather at the Games has made it tough for spectators — what to wear? — as well as competitors.

A Day at the Races: Patriotism, Fanfare

By Peter Alfano New York Times Service

MOUNT ALLAN, Alberta — Olympic skiers clump through the machine-made snow, traversing past spectators who are trading pins, munching hot dogs and hamburgers or simply taking in the sights. Olympic flags and those of the participating nations flutter in brisk winds at the base of Mount Allan, but appear tranquil considering the ice Station Zebra conditions that often exist at the top.

A typical day at the Alpine events is a lot like a block party, the race itself the lure but certainly not the only attraction. The truth is that many of those who come to this resort named Nakiska see little of the competition.

Spectators who ride the chairlifts to viewing points along the various courses, stand unsteadily on the slick, hard-packed snow, behind the orange snow fences that keep them from wandering onto the course. The fir trees and spruces lining the courses offer some shelter from the wind, but not enough. The skiers are only a blur, swooping past at speeds sometimes reaching 80 mph (130 kph).

People cheer and shout encouragement as each racer passes, although the crowds here are considerably smaller than in Europe, where skiing is a major sport and the daredevils in the colorful, skintight aerodynamic suits, with space helmets and goggles, are idols. The unpredictable weather — and the postponements it has spawned — have also kept crowds down.

Many spectators prefer to watch the races from bleachers at the downhill and super-giant slalom finish lines, following the skiers on a screen next to the scoreboard, as if they were attending a drive-in movie. Bleachers are also situated near the slalom and combined finishes, which are near the mid-mountain lodge, requiring a ride on the chairlift.

Patriotism is everywhere, the Swiss being among the most vocal, waving red flags bearing white crosses. The Canadian flag is the most popular, and on occasion you can see the Stars and Stripes on

display. U.S. skiers, however, have been lucky simply to make it down the mountain on two feet.

At the photo and television corridors, several languages are spoken as the skiers enter for interviews after their races. A custom not practiced in the United States is carried on by European journalists, mostly men, who greet female skiers with kisses on the cheeks.

Music plays in the background over a loudspeaker, and there are also live musicians playing French horns, adding to the atmosphere.

Most of the snow that covers the Olympic landscape in the Calgary area is located here, about 65 miles from downtown, in the foothills of the Rockies. Mild temperatures and the chinook winds have made this appear like the first Spring Olympic Games — parking lots everywhere are ankle-deep in mud, and the mountains are mostly brown.

The Olympic organizers have been stockpiling snow at Mount Allan since early January, but any skier will say that the artificial stuff is never as good as the real thing.

The mild weather, however, has made it ideal for spectators. They begin arriving three hours before the events, leaving their cars at the meadows just off the Trans Canada 1 highway, then riding school buses 15 miles up the mountain on Route 40 to Nakiska, which has been dressed in the colors of the rainbow for the Olympics.

There are several temporary, prefabricated buildings in place here, as well as a tent that creates something of the atmosphere of a state fair. Food and drink are under the big top, for Olympian prices. A cup of hot chocolate, for instance, costs \$2 in Canadian currency, about \$1.50 U.S. In addition to staples like hot dogs and hamburgers, there are pastries, sausage, cheese fondue, chicken, peanut brittle and liquor for sale.

The ski shop is the second most popular venue, offering Nakiska pins for \$3, Olympic sweatshirts for \$24, ski caps for \$16 and a variety of bumper stickers, decals and cloth patches.

The ski rental shack will loan skis, boots and poles to journalists who want to have more mobility from viewing places along the course. European reporters are more daring than their North American counterparts.

Although the medal ceremony is officially held in Calgary every evening, an informal celebration is conducted here following the races.

The medalists climb a wooden victory stand where their Olympic flame burns, raise their arms in triumph and wave to the crowd. The victory stand is also a popular place for photographers, as people pose — usually three at a time — for a picture that will earn prominent places in their scrapbooks.

Final-Hole Birdie Gives Pate 2d Victory of Year

The Associated Press

LA JOLLA, California — It was the same result for golfer Steve Pate, but the feeling was different: "This was better."

"It's a nice feeling to get to the 18th and need to make birdie to win and do it," Pate said Sunday after capturing his second victory of the young PGA tour season in the Andy Williams Open.

The first came last month at the Tournament of Champions, when Pate took the third-round lead and was declared the winner when a severe storm delayed and eventually wiped out the final round.

This time he came to the final hole tied with Jay Haas, who had already finished. Pate needed a birdie to win, and he got it by rapping a 6-foot (1.82-meter) putt into the back of the cup while Haas practiced on the practice green for the playoff that never happened.

"He held together down the stretch, then made that birdie on the 18th," said Haas. "You don't feel like you lost it when someone does that."

Pate, 26, won this one with a final-round 68, 4-under-par on the South course at Torrey Pines. His 269 total was 19-under. The victory, the third of his five-season tour career, was worth \$117,000 and put his earnings for the year at \$229,888.

Haas, who won last month's Bob Hope Classic, played about a half hour in front of Pate and gained a share of the lead when he ran in an 18-foot eagle putt on the par-5 18th.

SCOREBOARD

Basketball

U.S. College Results

Table with columns for EAST, MIDWEST, FAR WEST, and various college basketball games and results.

College Top-20 Results

Table listing top 20 college basketball teams and their records.

NBA Standings

Table showing NBA Eastern and Western Conference standings.

WOMEN'S SUPER-G SLALOM

Table listing results for Women's Super-G Slalom.

HOCKEY

Table listing results for various hockey games.

MEDALS

Table listing medal counts for various countries.

CROSS COUNTRY

Table listing results for various cross-country events.

Olympics on TV

Table listing TV schedules for the Olympics.

Tuesday's Events

Table listing specific events for Tuesday.

OLYMPIC RESULTS

SUPER-GIANT SLALOM

Table listing results for Super-Giant Slalom.

HOCKEY

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Expanded Sports Coverage for the WINTER OLYMPICS in the IHT

Paris Book Report, Tennis, Golf, European Soccer, and other sidebar content.

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TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1988

INTERNATIONAL STOCK MARKETS

Paris Bourse Galvanized By Reports of Takeovers

By JACQUES NEHER Special to the Herald Tribune

PARIS — Takeover fever has lit a fire under the Paris stock market. The bourse, which had suffered a deep case of morose since last October's plunge, has made a sharp turnaround this month thanks to an unprecedented surge of real and rumored takeover plays.

Brokers say speculative action has rekindled the interest of individual investors and French fund managers in the market. In turn, they say, foreign institutions that had pulled out of the market after the crash have begun to trickle back.

However, some analysts predict that the market may soon run out of steam if, as seems likely in most cases, the takeovers in the past few months fail to materialize. In the settlement month—the period on which the Paris Bourse index must be paid for—ending last Friday, the Bourse CAC (Compagnie des Agents de Change, the stockbrokers' professional association) general index gained 18 percent, its biggest one-month increase since November 1985.

Drexel Targeted By SEC

Grand Jury Also Investigating

NEW YORK — Drexel Burnham Lambert Inc. has publicly acknowledged for the first time that it and some of its employees have been targeted for civil charges by the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission, according to a prospectus.

In addition, Drexel disclosed in a prospectus that it has been under investigation by a federal grand jury.

The information is contained in a preliminary prospectus for a new high-yield, high-risk bond fund being underwritten by the firm.

The Feb. 16 document describing New America High Income Fund Inc. was mailed to investors last week. But the information apparently did not deter sales.

The fund, which began trading on Friday, closed unchanged that day at \$10 a share.

It has been reported that Drexel and several ranking employees, including the head of its junk-bond department, Michael R. Milkin, had been informed in January that the SEC staff had decided to recommend charges of violations of securities laws.

The prospectus said that Drexel had informed New America that the SEC's five commissioners have made no decision on whether to pursue the staff recommendation of civil charges.

Drexel has maintained that no wrongdoing took place. The prospectus says that Drexel has furnished documents to a federal grand jury in New York, and that some employees have appeared before the panel.

The firm has been subject to close SEC and federal grand jury scrutiny ever since the breaking of the scandal surrounding the former arbitrator, Ivan F. Boskey.

The SEC declined to comment on Drexel's disclosures.

Drexel gave no prediction of the outcome or effect of the government action, and it said it could give no assurance that results of the grand jury investigation or the possible SEC action would not have a negative effect on the company or the junk-bond market in which Drexel participates.



A supervisor at a Firestone plant, now closed, in California, watching production of the final tires.

Bridgestone's Lesson in Tennessee

Japanese Tire-Maker Turned Firestone Plant Around

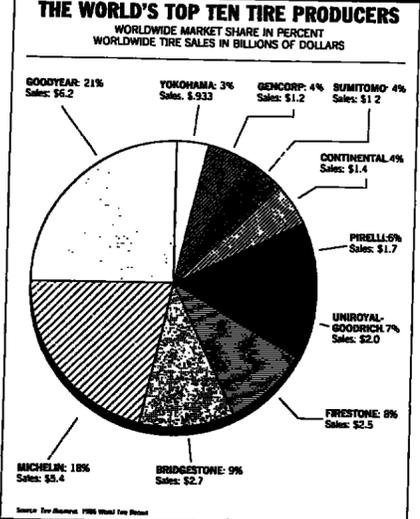
By Jonathan P. Hicks New York Times Service LA VERGNE, Tennessee — If Bridgestone Corp. can perform the kind of magic at Firestone Tire & Rubber Co.'s tire plants that the Japanese company has performed at its plant here, one thing appears certain: The hotly competitive American tire business is going to become even more competitive.

Firestone, the third-largest U.S. tire maker, announced last Tuesday that it had reached a preliminary agreement to sell a 75 percent interest in its tire-making operations to Bridgestone for \$1.25 billion. The agreement, which involves four factories in the United States and 11 in other countries, would be the biggest investment in an American manufacturing concern by a Japanese company.

The accord would also be the biggest test yet of whether Japanese management techniques are transferable to the United States. Judging from the turnaround of the La Vergne factory, Japanese money and management skills can make a big difference.

Just ask Mark Ayers, a safety engineer at the plant for 12 years. He contends that every day of life at this factory, which is 15 miles (24 kilometers) south of Nashville, has changed for the better since Bridgestone bought it from Firestone in 1983. Not only has the quality of the radial truck tires it makes improved, but

so has productivity and the once-bitter relationship between management and his union, the United Rubber Workers. The contention is supported by other workers, managers, and industry experts.



"It's like going from hell to heaven," Mr. Ayers said. Of course, Bridgestone, the world's third-largest tire producer after Goodyear Tire & Rubber and Michelin, has a reputation for quality, but so has productivity and the once-bitter relationship between management and his union, the United Rubber Workers. The contention is supported by other workers, managers, and industry experts.

France Blocks Sale to Pearson Of Les Echos

PARIS — The French government said Monday that it was blocking for the time being a takeover of Les Echos SA, a French newspaper publisher, by Pearson PLC of Britain. It said that a non-European, the press magnate Rupert Murdoch, owns too big a stake in the would-be buyer.

The government move caused dismay at the 80-year-old financial daily Les Echos, where employees looked to Pearson, which owns the Financial Times, to save their paper.

The Finance Ministry, in a statement that did not name Mr. Murdoch, said that French law gave it the right to block bids by foreign companies if it was not satisfied that they were European Community enterprises.

It said this was the case with the planned purchase of Pearson. Australian-born Mr. Murdoch, now a naturalized American, holds 20.5 percent of the British conglomerate.

Mr. Murdoch raised his stake last month after Pearson, in what would be the first full takeover of a French newspaper by a foreigner, agreed to buy Les Echos for \$88 million (\$154 million) in Pearson shares and cash.

But under French regulations, takeovers involving French companies and other European entities must be submitted for approval by the French Treasury. If no objection is raised after a two-month period, the transaction goes ahead automatically.

The ministry had until March 20 to review the bid. But the ministry said the bid could be held up indefinitely.

"It is an open secret that Pearson is the target of a takeover bid, and as long as that is the case, the French government will not give a ruling," a spokeswoman for the ministry said.

"At the moment we don't believe its capital is stable," she said. "Since the government does not regard Pearson as an EC group, there is no time limit for making such a ruling."

A two-year-old French law designed to protect the media from foreign takeovers prohibits organizations from outside the EC from taking a stake of more than 20 percent in a French press or publishing group.

"The community character of the Pearson group has not been lastingly established today," the ministry statement said.

Mr. Murdoch was quoted by the Financial Times in mid-January as saying that he had no intention or means of making a takeover offer for Pearson.

Pearson is considered by company analysts to be vulnerable to takeover.

The owner-publisher of Les Echos, Jacqueline Beytout, said she had been forced to sell out to ensure the newspaper's survival outside her heirs had paid death duties.

Analysts said the French decision to put the Pearson bid on hold could buy time for a French partner to be found for Les Echos.

On Monday evening, Les Echos management announced a one-day closure of the paper on Tuesday in protest against the government's decision and Ms. Beytout as being politically motivated.

She said the ministry's statement confirms that the finance minister, Edouard Balladur, "intends to oppose the sale of Les Echos to the Pearson group, by all means and in disdain of the law, but that he refuses to officially announce this decision before the presidential election" in April.

Mrs. Beytout was scheduled to hold talks with Pearson in London on Tuesday.

The government did not seek to block Dow Jones Co.'s recent purchase of a 14.5 percent stake in the Expansion publishing group, mainly because a majority stake is still held by the Servan-Schreiber founding family. (Reuters, AP)

Currency Rates

Table showing currency rates for various countries including London, Tokyo, Zurich, Frankfurt, and others. Includes columns for currency, rate, and percentage change.

Interest Rates

Table showing interest rates for Eurocurrency Deposits, Key Money Rates, and Asian Dollar Deposits. Includes columns for rate and term.

A New Plan to Spur European Growth: Greater Economic Cooperation

By Steven Greenhouse New York Times Service PARIS — With America's appetite for imports slowing, many European officials and economists are trumpeting a new theme to break the continent's long cycle of torpid growth: greater economic cooperation within Europe.

The problem is that West Germany, Western Europe's dominant economy, is likely to resist a joint plan that would stimulate domestic growth.

Just last week, such cooperation was urged by leaders of the European Community, by the secretary-general of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, and by the Center for European Policy Studies, a Brussels-based research organization.

"Europe cannot rely on others to pull it along," said Charles Wyplosz, a professor of economics at the European Institute of Business Administration in France and co-author of a report calling for cooperation.

The main idea is that if West Germany, Britain and France increased government spending to stimulate their economies, their actions would spur growth and help to reduce the continent's double-digit jobless rate.

On Thursday, the European Community's policy-making commission urged its 12 members to work together to stimulate growth.

And in a news briefing the same day, Jean-Claude Paye, the OECD's secretary-general, said "Whatever the type of stimulus, the results will be better if everyone works together."

The hitch is that nations like France and Britain are afraid to stimulate their economies if Germany does not act similarly. They fear that unilateral stimulation would result in their economies drawing in more imports. That would aggravate their trade deficits, especially with Germany.

The Germans have been reluctant to go along with growth-minded policies, fearing swollen budget deficits and higher inflation. But many countries are now turning up the heat on the Germans.

Many economists say the likely result of Germany's refusal to embrace further stimulus will be heightened, and perhaps irresistible, pressure for a realignment of the European Monetary System, in which the French franc, Italian lira and several other currencies would be devalued against the Deutsche mark.

In the EMS, major European currencies are allowed to float against each other but within specified ranges. A devaluation, which the Germans oppose, would do two important things for France and Italy. It would increase their industrial competitiveness vis-à-vis West Germany, helping to pare their trade deficits. It would also give them some breathing room to stimulate their economies and grow faster without allowing them to worry a little less about trade imbalances.

Texaco Said to Be Near Sale of Stake to Saudis

United Press International MANAMA, Bahrain — Negotiations between Saudi authorities and Texaco Inc. on a reported plan to sell a 50 percent stake in the oil giant's refining and marketing network for \$1.5 billion are far advanced, "if not virtually complete," the Middle East Economic Survey said Monday.

The authoritative oil publication said Saudi Arabia would probably pay for the acquisition with crude oil rather than in cash.

There was no immediate confirmation from Saudi officials. Texaco acknowledged last week that it is in negotiations with possible joint venture partners for its refining and marketing operations but refused to identify the potential partners.

The Middle East Economic Survey, which is based in Nicosia, said: "There is solid substance in the reports that Saudi Arabia is planning to acquire a 50 percent stake in a large part of Texaco's downstream holdings in the United States."

Industry sources said Saudi Arabia wants to purchase an overseas oil-refining and distribution network to protect its oil sales during a time of glutted markets.

For Texaco, an accord with Saudi Arabia would help it raise cash to meet the \$3 billion it has agreed to pay Pezouco Co. to settle a legal dispute.

AP Audemars Pignet advertisement featuring a watch and the text 'THE ROYAL OAK. TODAY, ONE WATCH REIGNS SUPREME.' and 'AP Audemars Pignet La plus prestigieuse des signatures.'

NYSE Most Actives				
Vol.	High	Low	Last	Chg.
4494	30 1/2	29 3/4	30 1/2	+ 3/8
2718	23 1/2	23 1/4	23 1/2	+ 1/8
2337	4 1/4	4 1/4	4 1/4	+ 1/4

Market Sales				
	17929200	26252710	26252710	1987
NYSE 4 a.m. volume				1,691
NYSE 4 p.m. volume				1,625

NYSE Index				
	High	Low	Close	Chg.
Composite	1438.4	1423.7	1428.5	+5.8
Industrials	1718.1	1702.5	1712.2	+9.7

AMEX Diary				
	Class	Prev.		
Advanced	100.00	100.00		
Declined	24.00	24.00		

NASDAQ Index				
	Class	Chg.	Week	Year
Composite	1132.75	+1.25	+1.25	+1.25
Technology	1325.75	+2.25	+2.25	+2.25

AMEX Most Actives				
Vol.	High	Low	Last	Chg.
728	11 1/2	11 1/4	11 1/2	+ 1/4
116	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/4	+ 1/4

Dow Jones Averages					
	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
Industrial	2640.29	2645.00	2637.00	2643.50	+2.25
Transport	1815.30	1821.00	1810.00	1818.00	+2.70

Standard & Poor's Index				
	High	Low	Close	Chg.
Industrials	354.2	353.7	354.2	+0.5
Utilities	252.5	252.0	252.5	+0.5

NASDAQ Diary				
	Class	Prev.		
Advanced	125	125		
Declined	27	27		

AMEX Stock Index				
	High	Low	Close	Chg.
Composite	283.2	279.5	283.1	+3.6

**Monday's NYSE Closing**  
Via The Associated Press

## New York Stocks Rise Sharply

**United Press International**  
NEW YORK — Prices on the New York Stock Exchange closed sharply higher Monday in moderately active trading, extending the market's February rally.

The Dow Jones industrial average, which gained 31.33 last week, rose 25.70 points to close at 2,640.29. The Dow now stands less than 12 points below its highest level since the October plunge — 2,051.89, set Jan. 7.

Advances trounced declines nearly 3-1 among the NYSE issues traded. Volume totaled 178.9 million shares, down from 180.3 million on Friday.

"A lot of people came in today expecting some profit taking" after the late rally Friday, said Sid Dorf, vice president at Robinson-Humphrey Co. in Atlanta. "But the market weathered any kind of selling pressure."

He said the gains were orderly and there was no sign of aggressive programs.

"This is not going to be a market exploding out from here, no one wants to see that," Mr. Dorf said. "It is behaving nicely. Let's keep having 10- to 20-point gains with some interday corrections. This way we can extend the range and keep moving it up 50 points at a time. What you want now is to build support at these new levels" as the market advances.

Broad-market indexes also gained. The NYSE composite index rose 2 points to 148.96. Standard & Poor's 500-stock index rose 4.03 to 265.64. The price of an average share added 43 cents.

Underneath the surface the market has broadened out a little, and we like the look of

### Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street and do not reflect late trades elsewhere.

12 Month High Low Stock Div. Yld. PE St. 100 High Low Close Chg.

39A	14	10	34	17	19	12	20	39A	21 1/2	+ 1/4
159A	15	11	35	18	20	13	21	159A	22 1/4	+ 1/8
188A	16	12	36	19	21	14	22	188A	23 1/8	+ 1/2
226A	17	13	37	20	22	15	23	226A	24 1/2	+ 3/8
275A	18	14	38	21	23	16	24	275A	25 1/4	+ 1/2
335A	19	15	39	22	24	17	25	335A	26 1/8	+ 1/4
407A	20	16	40	23	25	18	26	407A	27 1/4	+ 1/2
493A	21	17	41	24	26	19	27	493A	28 1/8	+ 3/4
597A	22	18	42	25	27	20	28	597A	29 1/4	+ 1/2
731A	23	19	43	26	28	21	29	731A	30 1/8	+ 1/4
899A	24	20	44	27	29	22	30	899A	31 1/4	+ 1/2
1107A	25	21	45	28	30	23	31	1107A	32 1/8	+ 3/4
1361A	26	22	46	29	31	24	32	1361A	33 1/4	+ 1/2
1669A	27	23	47	30	32	25	33	1669A	34 1/8	+ 3/4
2039A	28	24	48	31	33	26	34	2039A	35 1/4	+ 1/2
2489A	29	25	49	32	34	27	35	2489A	36 1/8	+ 3/4
3029A	30	26	50	33	35	28	36	3029A	37 1/4	+ 1/2
3679A	31	27	51	34	36	29	37	3679A	38 1/8	+ 3/4
4449A	32	28	52	35	37	30	38	4449A	39 1/4	+ 1/2
5359A	33	29	53	36	38	31	39	5359A	40 1/8	+ 3/4
6419A	34	30	54	37	39	32	40	6419A	41 1/4	+ 1/2
7649A	35	31	55	38	40	33	41	7649A	42 1/8	+ 3/4
9049A	36	32	56	39	41	34	42	9049A	43 1/4	+ 1/2
10649A	37	33	57	40	42	35	43	10649A	44 1/8	+ 3/4
12499A	38	34	58	41	43	36	44	12499A	45 1/4	+ 1/2
14549A	39	35	59	42	44	37	45	14549A	46 1/8	+ 3/4
16849A	40	36	60	43	45	38	46	16849A	47 1/4	+ 1/2
19449A	41	37	61	44	46	39	47	19449A	48 1/8	+ 3/4
22349A	42	38	62	45	47	40	48	22349A	49 1/4	+ 1/2
25549A	43	39	63	46	48	41	49	25549A	50 1/8	+ 3/4
29049A	44	40	64	47	49	42	50	29049A	51 1/4	+ 1/2
32849A	45	41	65	48	50	43	51	32849A	52 1/8	+ 3/4
36949A	46	42	66	49	51	44	52	36949A	53 1/4	+ 1/2
41349A	47	43	67	50	52	45	53	41349A	54 1/8	+ 3/4
46049A	48	44	68	51	53	46	54	46049A	55 1/4	+ 1/2
51049A	49	45	69	52	54	47	55	51049A	56 1/8	+ 3/4
56349A	50	46	70	53	55	48	56	56349A	57 1/4	+ 1/2
61949A	51	47	71	54	56	49	57	61949A	58 1/8	+ 3/4
67849A	52	48	72	55	57	50	58	67849A	59 1/4	+ 1/2
74049A	53	49	73	56	58	51	59	74049A	60 1/8	+ 3/4
80549A	54	50	74	57	59	52	60	80549A	61 1/4	+ 1/2
87349A	55	51	75	58	60	53	61	87349A	62 1/8	+ 3/4
94449A	56	52	76	59	61	54	62	94449A	63 1/4	+ 1/2
101949A	57	53	77	60	62	55	63	101949A	64 1/8	+ 3/4
1107949A	58	54	78	61	63	56	64	1107949A	65 1/4	+ 1/2
1209949A	59	55	79	62	64	57	65	1209949A	66 1/8	+ 3/4
1326949A	60	56	80	63	65	58	66	1326949A	67 1/4	+ 1/2
1459949A	61	57	81	64	66	59	67	1459949A	68 1/8	+ 3/4
1609949A	62	58	82	65	67	60	68	1609949A	69 1/4	+ 1/2
1776949A	63	59	83	66	68	61	69	1776949A	70 1/8	+ 3/4
1961949A	64	60	84	67	69	62	70	1961949A	71 1/4	+ 1/2
2165949A	65	61	85	68	70	63	71	2165949A	72 1/8	+ 3/4
2388949A	66	62	86	69	71	64	72	2388949A	73 1/4	+ 1/2
2631949A	67	63	87	70	72	65	73	2631949A	74 1/8	+ 3/4
2895949A	68	64	88	71	73	66	74	2895949A	75 1/4	+ 1/2
3181949A	69	65	89	72	74	67	75	3181949A	76 1/8	+ 3/4
3491949A	70	66	90	73	75	68	76	3491949A	77 1/4	+ 1/2
3826949A	71	67	91	74	76	69	77	3826949A	78 1/8	+ 3/4
4187949A	72	68	92	75	77	70	78	4187949A	79 1/4	+ 1/2
4575949A	73	69	93	76	78	71	79	4575949A	80 1/8	+ 3/4
4991949A	74	70	94	77	79	72	80	4991949A	81 1/4	+ 1/2
5437949A	75	71	95	78	80	73	81	5437949A	82 1/8	+ 3/4
5915949A	76	72	96	79	81	74	82	5915949A	83 1/4	+ 1/2
6427949A	77	73	97	80	82	75	83	6427949A	84 1/8	+ 3/4
6975949A	78	74	98	81	83	76	84	6975949A	85 1/4	+ 1/2
7561949A	79	75	99	82	84	77	85	7561949A	86 1/8	+ 3/4
8187949A	80	76	100	83	85	78	86	8187949A	87 1/4	+ 1/2
8855949A	81	77	101	84	86	79	87	8855949A	88 1/8	+ 3/4
9567949A	82	78	102	85	87	80	88	9567949A	89 1/4	+ 1/2
10325949A	83	79	103	86	88	81	89	10325949A	90 1/8	+ 3/4
11131949A	84	80	104	87	89	82	90	11131949A	91 1/4	+ 1/2
11987949A	85	81	105	88	90	83	91	11987949A	92 1/8	+ 3/4
12895949A	86	82	106	89	91	84	92	12895949A	93 1/4	+ 1/2
13857949A	87	83	107	90	92	85	93	13857949A	94 1/8	+ 3/4
14885949A	88	84	108	91	93	86	94	14885949A	95 1/4	+ 1/2
15979949A	89	85	109	92	94	87	95	15979949A	96 1/8	+ 3/4
17141949A	90	86	110	93	95	88	96	17141949A	97 1/4	+ 1/2
18375949A	91	87	111	94	96	89	97	18375949A	98 1/8	+ 3/4
19681949A	92	88	112	95	97	90	98	19681949A	99 1/4	+ 1/2
21061949A	93	89	113	96	98	91	99	21061949A	100 1/8	+ 3/4
22515949A	94	90	114	97	99	92	100	22515949A	101 1/4	+ 1/2
24045949A	95	91	115	98	100	93	101	24045949A	102 1/8	+ 3/4
25651949A	96	92	116	99	101	94	102	25651949A	103 1/4	+ 1/2
27335949A	97	93	117	100	102	95	103	27335949A	104 1/8	+ 3/4
29097949A	98	94	118	101	103	96	104	29097949A	105 1/4	+ 1/2
30947949A	99	95	119	102	104	97	105	30947949A	106 1/8	+ 3/4
32877949A	100	96	120	103	105	98	106	32877949A	107 1/4	+ 1/2
34887949A	101	97	121	104	106	99	107	34887949A	108 1/8	+ 3/4
36977949A	102	98	122	105	107	100	108	36977949A	109 1/4	+ 1/2
39147949A	103	99	123	106	108	101	109	39147949A	110 1/8	+ 3/4
41397949A	104	100	124	107	109	102	110	41397949A	111 1/4	+ 1/2
43727949A	105	101	125	108	110	103	111	43727949A	112 1/8	+ 3/4
46147949A	106	102	126	109	111	104	112	46147949A	113 1/4	+ 1/2
48657949A	107	103	127	110	112	105	113	48657949A	114 1/8	+ 3/4
51257949A	108	104	128	111	113	106	114	51257949A	115 1/4	+ 1/2
53947949A	109	105	129	112	114	107	115	53947949A	116 1/8	+ 3/4
56727949A	110	106	130	113						

BUSINESS ROUNDUP

Asea and Brown Boveri Post Gains

STOCKHOLM — Asea AB of Sweden and Brown Boveri & Co. of Switzerland, said Monday they both posted profit increases in 1987. The announcement came in their last annual reports before their recent merger is reflected in the balance sheets.

Westinghouse, Daimler Unit Plan Venture

PITTSBURGH — Westinghouse Electric Corp. said Monday that it had signed a preliminary agreement with a unit of Daimler-Benz AG of West Germany to merge their transportation businesses.

Générale Shares Hit High; Talks Continue

BRUSSELS — Shares in Société Générale de Belgique climbed 4.1 percent Monday to hit a high of 5,100 Belgian francs (\$142) on the Brussels Bourse, as rival groups continued their battle for control of Belgium's largest company.

Rolls Unit Lifts Vickers Profit

LONDON — Vickers PLC, the maker of Rolls-Royce cars, said Monday that pretax profit increased 16 percent last year as sales of the luxury auto increased 7 percent despite a weak dollar and the October stock collapse.

BOURSE: The Paris Stock Market Is Galvanized by Reports of Takeovers

(Continued from first finance page) For Biédec, maker of liquors, however, Biédec has supported a bid of 6,600 francs by Italy's Martin & Rossi.

Strike at Land Rover Starts, as Ford's Ends

SOLIHULL, England — Employees of Land Rover, the British vehicle maker, went on strike Monday, demanding a pay raise to match a 14 percent increase won by workers at Ford Motor Co.'s British unit.

FIRESTONE: Bridgestone Turned Tire Factory in Tennessee Around

(Continued from first finance page) Co. and Michelin & Compagnie of France, is now taking on a much bigger animal: Firestone's huge tire-making operations, which employ 30,000 people worldwide, with most in the United States.



John J. Nevin: Quixotic and mercurial U.S. executive

Nevin Made Reputation As Adversary of Japan

WASHINGTON — What a difference a decade has made in the professional life of Firestone Tire & Rubber Co.'s chairman, John J. Nevin.

Indigo Ideas IBM began raising some prices in mid-February — the possibility being that flushing of window computers has been completed so far the major computer issues and junior aggressors from Apple and Atari to Data General and Zenith can fly again.

Chemical Bank Home Loans Special Terms for UK Mortgages \* 100% mortgages for expatriates \* highly competitive rates

THE COUNCIL OF EUROPE RESETTLEMENT FUND FOR NATIONAL REFUGEES AND OVER-POPULATION IN EUROPE ECU 25,000,000 14 3/4% BONDS 1982-1990

The International Private Bank with an Accent on Performance. While security, confidentiality and discretion are of vital importance to international private banking, we at Bankers Trust also believe in the importance of performance.

INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED (Continued from Back Page) REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE, LEGAL SERVICES, EMPLOYMENT, AUTOS TAX FREE, ESCORTS & GUIDES, LONDON, MADRID, GENEVA, PARIS, etc.

# Monday's NYSE Closing

Tables include the noteworthy prices up to the closing on Wall Street and do not reflect late trades elsewhere.

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div. Yld.	PE	52-Week High	Low	Close	Chg.
12 1/4	10 3/4	AmGen	0.60	13	16 1/2	14 1/2	15 1/4	-1/8
12 1/4	10 3/4	Amgen	0.60	13	16 1/2	14 1/2	15 1/4	-1/8
12 1/4	10 3/4	Amgen	0.60	13	16 1/2	14 1/2	15 1/4	-1/8

# U.S. Futures

Via The Associated Press

Season High	Season Low	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
135.00	131.00	131.00	133.00	132.50	132.50	+1/8
135.00	131.00	131.00	133.00	132.50	132.50	+1/8

# Food

Season High	Season Low	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
110.00	108.00	108.50	109.00	108.50	108.50	-1/8

# Metals

Season High	Season Low	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
120.00	118.00	118.50	119.00	118.50	118.50	-1/8

# Currency Options

Philadelph. Exchange	Price	Coll.	Last	Put	Last
100/100	2.00	0.75	0.75	1.25	1.25

## Rothschild to Merge With Franklin Savings

**NEW YORK** — The Wall Street brokerage house L.F. Rothschild Holdings Inc., battered by the October stock market collapse, said Monday that it would merge with Franklin Savings Corp.'s broker-dealer unit, Stern Brothers & Co.

Rothschild also reported 1987 fourth-quarter losses of \$128.8 million, compared with losses of \$15.4 million in the 1986 quarter.

Franklin, based in Ottawa, Kansas, is a leading U.S. savings and loan association, with assets of \$9.05 billion. The two companies have signed a letter of intent to make Rothschild a wholly-owned unit of Franklin Financial Services, which in turn will lead Rothschild \$30 million.

About half of Rothschild's fourth-quarter losses reflected losses from arbitrage and counter-trading positions for 1987. Six-month, four-quarter revenues fell to \$32.5 million from \$25.5 million a year earlier.

For the year, net losses totalled \$129.1 million on revenues of \$461.4 million, versus 1986 profit of \$498,000 on revenues of \$401.1 million.

The company, one of the first to lay off hundreds of workers after the stocks crash, also said it took a \$5 million charge in connection with the firings. It said its staff has been reduced to 1,200 from 2,200 before the collapse.

Franklin's other companies include Underwood and Neuhaus, a Houston-based broker-dealer.

## CFTC Tells 22 Traders They Are Being Probed

**CHICAGO** — The Commodity Futures Trading Commission has notified 22 traders at the Chicago Board of Trade that the CFTC staff will recommend civil charges against them if prearranged and fraudulent trading, according to a published report.

But some of the traders involved say the trading technique in question is practiced daily on many commodity exchanges and is not prohibited by the exchanges' rules.

Officials at the CFTC, the federal agency that regulates futures exchanges, would neither confirm nor deny the report.

"The only enforcement action the commission will comment on is a publicly filed complaint," said Kate Hathaway, a CFTC spokeswoman.

The case, reportedly involving trading at the world's biggest market for U.S. Treasury bond futures, may be one of the largest single instances of alleged futures trading violations.

The allegations reportedly concerned certain trades made in the Board of Trade's huge Treasury bond futures pit in mid-1986. The traders maintained that the type of trading being investigated — loosely known as a "ganjie" trade, where a customer gets two different prices for portions of the same buy or sell order — is widespread on futures exchanges.

## NYSE Highs-Lows

NEW HIGHS	NEW LOWS	UNCHANGED
13	14	13

## AMEX Highs-Lows

NEW HIGHS	NEW LOWS	UNCHANGED
3	4	5

## RepublicBank Denies Merger, Loss Rumors

**DALLAS** — First Republic Bank Corp. ran full-page advertisements in local newspapers on Monday reiterating that it was not involved in merger negotiations and blaming seasonal and anticipated factors for its shrinking deposits.

The advertisements sought to reassure depositors of Texas' largest bank holding company, which has been plagued by huge losses stemming from its portfolio of troubled loans.

Since First Republic Bank reported a \$656.8 million loss on Jan. 19, there have been questions about its ability to weather expected losses from its \$3.9 billion portfolio of troubled loans.

## Livestock

Season High	Season Low	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
50.00	48.00	48.50	49.00	48.50	48.50	-1/8

## Currency Options

Philadelph. Exchange	Price	Coll.	Last	Put	Last
100/100	2.00	0.75	0.75	1.25	1.25

## Financial

US TREASURY BONDS (CT)	Price	Yield	Chg.
100/100	100.00	8.50	+1/8

## Stock Indexes

Index Name	Value	Chg.
DJIA	2,814.25	-20.35

## Paris Commodities

Commodity	Unit	Price	Chg.
SUGAR	Ton	1,250	+10

## London Commodities

Commodity	Unit	Price	Chg.
SUGAR	Ton	1,200	+5

## Dividends

Company	Dividend	Pay Date
IBM	\$2.00	Mar. 15

## Company Results

Company	Revenue	Profit	Share
IBM	\$10.2B	\$1.5B	\$2.80

## Commodity Indexes

Index Name	Value	Chg.
Grain	1,250	+10

## Market Guide

Company	Market	Value	Chg.
IBM	N.Y.	\$2.80	+1/8

## Spot Commodities

Commodity	Price	Chg.
SUGAR	1,250	+10

## London Metals

Commodity	Price	Chg.
SUGAR	1,200	+5

## U.S. Treasuries

Treasury Instrument	Yield	Price
3-month bill	8.50%	100.10

## S&P 100 Index Options

Option Name	Price	Chg.
SP 100 Call	120.00	+1.00

## DM Futures Options

Option Name	Price	Chg.
DM Call	1.50	+0.05

### CURRENCY Dollar S

NEW YORK - ...

For Banks

Monday's NYSE Closing

OT Prices

MSCO Prices of ...

DM Futures Options

PERSONAL INVESTING

*Handwritten:* JPY, col 15-20

CURRENCY MARKETS

Dollar Slips in Lackluster Trading

NEW YORK — The dollar closed lower against major currencies on Monday in quiet, technical trading.

London Dollar Rates table with columns for City, Bid, and Ask prices for various currencies like Deutsche mark, Swiss franc, etc.

1,3910 Swiss francs from 1,3995 and to 3,7345 French francs from 5,7705.

Capital Inflows Shrinking in West Germany

BONN — The halving of foreign capital inflows to West Germany to 37.1 billion Deutsche marks (DM) last year from 1982 is raising concern about the long-term prospects for economic growth.

INVEST: As Foreigners Buy U.S. Assets, Americans Count the Costs

(Continued from Page 1) knock it down, leading the character to stage a sit-in. Through its history, the United States has generally allowed capital to flow freely across borders.

Foreigners may find that federal regulators say no when they want to buy into broadcasting companies and military contractors.

Critics say foreign investment does not create many new jobs. Most goes to take over existing jobs at U.S. companies or banks, to increase foreigners' bank accounts or to finance the federal debt.

Freedom of investment promotes efficiency in allocation of capital among the industrial nations, economists say, noting that the United States had about \$1.04 trillion in assets abroad as of the end of September.

For Banks, Newest Gold Rush Is in Loans to Mining Firms

By H.J. Maidenberger. NEW YORK — One of the oldest arguments against gold as an investment, that the metal yields no interest or dividends, has recently become weakened by a hard band of gold bugs who fear an economic apocalypse.

He added: "We will see many more such gold loans because the stock market crash of last October 19 has made it difficult and far more costly for mining companies to raise cash than issuing shares, which in the best of times tends to dilute a company's equity."

last year to fend off a takeover attempt by T. Boone Pickens, the head of Mesa Limited Partnership. For its part, the Bank of Nova Scotia group reportedly borrowed most of the gold it lent Newmont from Canada's central bank, which received a modest fee for its "sterile" bullion holdings.

One of the major questions raised by the Newmont gold loan was whether it pushed the loan bullion prices in recent weeks. William B. O'Neill, research director at Elders Futures Inc., the brokerage arm of the giant Australian holding company Elders DXL Ltd., does not think so.

Monday's OTC Prices. NASDAQ prices as of 4 P.M. New York time. List of various stocks with prices and volume.

Market Indexes table showing various market indices like NYSE, NASDAQ, etc.

Commodity Indexes table listing prices for commodities like oil, grains, etc.

Company Results table listing financial results for various companies.

Stock market data table with columns for company name, price, and volume.

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### Mondays **AMEX** Closing

Tables include the nationwide averages up to the closing on Wall Street and do not reflect late trades elsewhere.  
*Via The Associated Press*

12 Month High Low		Stock	Div. Yld. %	PE	52 Hrs High Low	Chg.
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAB	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAC	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAD	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAE	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAF	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4

12 Month High Low		Stock	Div. Yld. %	PE	52 Hrs High Low	Chg.
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAG	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAH	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAI	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAJ	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAK	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4

12 Month High Low		Stock	Div. Yld. %	PE	52 Hrs High Low	Chg.
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAL	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAM	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAN	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAO	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAP	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4

12 Month High Low		Stock	Div. Yld. %	PE	52 Hrs High Low	Chg.
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAQ	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAR	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAS	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAT	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4
12 1/2	12 1/2	AAAU	3.5	12	36 1/2	+ 1/4

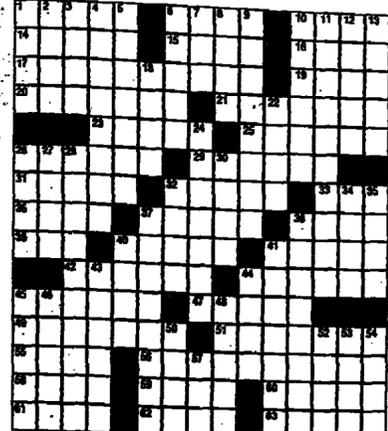
### INTERNATIONAL FUNDS (Quotations Supplied by Funds Listed) 22 Feb. 1988

Fund Name	NAV	Yield	PE	Chg.
ALMAGRO GROUP	100.00			
ALFA INVESTMENT FUND	100.00			
ALFA INVESTMENT FUND	100.00			
ALFA INVESTMENT FUND	100.00			
ALFA INVESTMENT FUND	100.00			
ALFA INVESTMENT FUND	100.00			
ALFA INVESTMENT FUND	100.00			
ALFA INVESTMENT FUND	100.00			
ALFA INVESTMENT FUND	100.00			
ALFA INVESTMENT FUND	100.00			

### Floating-Rate Notes

Issuer/Note	Rate	Yield	Chg.
ABC Bank Floating Rate Note	6.00%	5.50%	+ 0.05%
DEF Corp Floating Rate Note	5.75%	5.25%	+ 0.05%
GHI Corp Floating Rate Note	5.50%	5.00%	+ 0.05%
JKL Corp Floating Rate Note	5.25%	4.75%	+ 0.05%
MNO Corp Floating Rate Note	5.00%	4.50%	+ 0.05%
PQR Corp Floating Rate Note	4.75%	4.25%	+ 0.05%
STU Corp Floating Rate Note	4.50%	4.00%	+ 0.05%
VWX Corp Floating Rate Note	4.25%	3.75%	+ 0.05%
YZA Corp Floating Rate Note	4.00%	3.50%	+ 0.05%
BCD Corp Floating Rate Note	3.75%	3.25%	+ 0.05%
EFG Corp Floating Rate Note	3.50%	3.00%	+ 0.05%

Market	Rate	Yield	Chg.
<b>Dollars</b>			
3 Month	6.50%	6.00%	+ 0.05%
6 Month	6.25%	5.75%	+ 0.05%
9 Month	6.00%	5.50%	+ 0.05%
12 Month	5.75%	5.25%	+ 0.05%
15 Year	5.50%	5.00%	+ 0.05%
20 Year	5.25%	4.75%	+ 0.05%
25 Year	5.00%	4.50%	+ 0.05%
<b>Deutsche Marks</b>			
3 Month	6.00%	5.50%	+ 0.05%
6 Month	5.75%	5.25%	+ 0.05%
9 Month	5.50%	5.00%	+ 0.05%
12 Month	5.25%	4.75%	+ 0.05%
15 Year	5.00%	4.50%	+ 0.05%
20 Year	4.75%	4.25%	+ 0.05%
25 Year	4.50%	4.00%	+ 0.05%



CROSSWORD puzzle clues: ACROSS 1 Whistle, 6 Proper, 10 Victor or Sony, 14 Spikes the punch, 15 Mystique, 18 Mothers of Jambes, 17 Upset the boat, 19 Crossword wild ox, 20 Leaving a valid will, 21 Usher's job, 23 Brain passages, 25 Danish city, 26 Olympic trio, 28 Material for a highway, 31 Hayworth and Moreno, 32 Plebe, e.g., 33 Cry of disgust, 36 Hero, 37 Type of race, 38 Nimble, 39 Enclose, 40 Sea eagles, 41 Claw. DOWN 1 Keyhole, 2 Possess, 3 High cards, 4 Opposite of horizontal, 5 Manors, e.g., 6 Kitchen utensil, 7 — of the mill, 8 Infuriates, 9 Renovated, 10 Defeated, 11 Confessing, 12 City lights, 13 Okla. tribe, 18 All-purpose vens, 22 Miner's access, 24 Parts of typewriters, 26 Handhold, 27 Jockey, 28 Reparatons, 30 Fruity quaffs, 32 Biblical town, 34 Uproot, 35 Pts. of triangles, 37 Overtures, 38 Cognoms, 40 German reservoir dam, 41 Deadly disease, 43 Ministers to 44 "Tootsies", 45 Staid or subdued, 46 Dispatch boat, 48 Babbly, 50 Infamous fiddler, 52 Receptions, 53 Being in Barcelona, 54 Immediately, to a pharmacist, 57 Tavern.

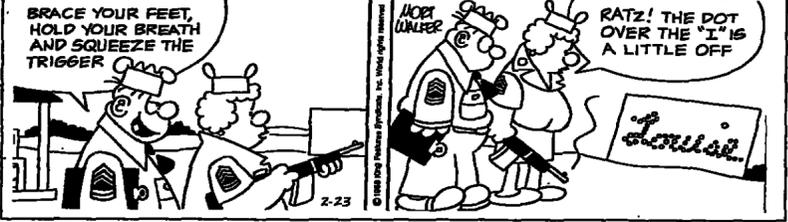
PEANUTS



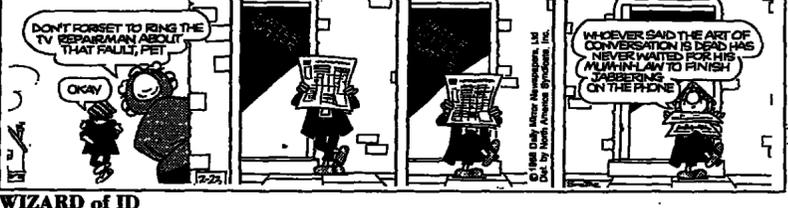
BLONDIE



BETLE BAILEY



ANDY CAPP



WIZARD of ID



REX MORGAN



GARFIELD



DENNIS THE MENACE



JUMBLE

Jumble puzzle instructions: Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. STUJO, TOAPI, UTTOLE, NELKRE. Answer: CRAZE, VIPER, SINFUL, KNOTTY.

WEATHER

Weather forecast table with columns for Europe, Asia, Africa, Latin America, North America, Middle East, Oceania, and various cities.

BOOKS

THE JAPANESE TODAY: Change and Continuity

By Edwin O. Reischauer. 426 pages. \$25. Belknap-Harvard University Press, 79 Garden Street, Cambridge, Mass. 02138.

Reviewed by John Burgess

FOR MANY YEARS Americans headed for careers in Japan have been preparing themselves with the books of Edwin O. Reischauer. Few people know the subject better than he. He was born in Tokyo as the son of missionaries and passed his childhood there. He spent decades in the academic field as student, teacher and author. For five years he was the U.S. ambassador to Japan. Today, he is the reigning eminence of Japan studies at Harvard University.

hand both to counsel Japan and urge the outside world to show patience with its foibles. Today Japan has emerged undeniably as an economic superpower. It is the world's most envied industrial producer and its biggest creditor. The Japanese are buying companies and real estate helter-skelter in the United States. They are underwriting much of the U.S.'s national debt and giving it a run for its money in virtually every field of high technology. Isn't it time, many people are asking, for Japan to begin "living up" to its responsibilities in the new world order? And for an end to the excuses for shirking?

Now Reischauer has reworked an introductory book he brought out in 1977, "The Japanese: To Make 'The Japanese Today' Change and Continuity." The revisions — and they are fairly extensive — focus on economics and foreign relations. The reader, however, will not find a real shift in perspective. Reischauer at age 77 remains fundamentally a friend of Japan and its people. He offers praise in good faith, making a strong case that Japan's economic success is due for the most part, not to market closure, predatory trading practices or the "free ride" it gets from the United States in the form of military protection, but to the sweat of its national brow. He traces the remarkable story of how a feudal people created modern affluence in a few generations, then lost it all through the suicidal aggression of World War II. Reischauer devotes much space to how the Japanese stress the group, whether it be at school, work or recreational outings like the mass climbing of Mt. Fuji that takes place every summer. While foreigners smirk at it, Japanese see group activity as the key to personal fulfillment. Ideally, Reischauer writes, the Japanese likes to see himself as "the product of from inner self-control that has made him master of his less rational and more antisocial instincts... in social conformity to the Japanese is no sign of weakness but rather the proud, tempered product of inner strength."

Solution to Previous Puzzle

Word search puzzle solution grid with words like EAGLE, RIAH, SCOPE, SERIN, EMU, CAPON, TRICE, CORMORANT, OPERA, TOOTHY, NORMS, UTE, LEGS, TITUS, ROLE, ADIEU, SENSE, TOG, BIRDSOFAFEATHER, BELL ANIMA, THESE, LEST, STEIN, ERST, UPTI, DRESS, REMADE, BIPED, REDBREAST, NIDES, STILE, COO, CANBE, TETES, HUE, ENATE.

CHESS

By Robert Byrne

THE 19th annual Continental Open Tournament, held at the Hilton Hotel in Rye, New York, was won by Roman Dzindzichashvili. The New York grandmaster, who originally hailed from the Soviet Union, scored 5-1 to capture the \$2,000 first prize in the six-round Swiss-system event. Sharing second place in the 130-player competition were Sergei Kudrin, a grandmaster from Stamford, Connecticut, Vincent McCambridge, an international master from Cornwall, New York, Jay Bonin, an international master from Queens, and Danny Edelman from New Rochelle, New York. In his defeat of Bonin, Dzindzichashvili displayed the bright tactical and strategic touch for which he is known. The main question after the center was closed by 11... P.K4 was how White could generate pressure against the solid black position. Dzindzichashvili's 13 N-Q3 and 15 P-B4 were a good beginning, yet something more was required. The ingenious solution, after 18... N-R3, was to infiltrate with 19... N-B6! The knight could not be allowed to remain in this outpost because, on 19... Q-B7?, the queen is trapped by 20 N-N5.



Dzindzichashvili won a pawn with 25 QxP, but Bonin threatened to restore the material balance after 25... N-B4; 26 B-B5, P-N3. Nevertheless, the grandmaster managed to retain the small advantage of a rook for a minor piece plus a pawn by 27 QxQ, KxRQ; 28 P-B7, R-KN1; 29 P-B8/Q, PxB8; 30 QxRch, RxBch; 31 K-R1, PxP. Had Bonin defended his KBP by 32... R-KB1, he would have been stuck in a passive position after 33 R-K2. He therefore gave it up for active counterplay. On 35... N-Q6, the threat was 36... N-B7ch!, but it was not easy to beguile Dzindzichashvili with such a trap. After 39 P-B5, a routine victory for White would have followed from 39... N-N6; 40 R/1-Q1, NXP; 41 NxN, PxN (an attempt to be tricky with 41... N-R6? fails against 42 R-K1, NXP; 43 R-QB2); 42 Rxf7, Pxf7, gave up the exchange with 39... NxN; 40 R/R. However, after 44 K-B2, there was nothing to do about

World Stock Markets

World Stock Markets table showing closing prices in local currencies for various markets including Amsterdam, Brussels, Frankfurt, London, Hong Kong, Paris, Tokyo, Sydney, Zurich, and others.



ART BUCHWALD

Lonely New Hampshire

WASHINGTON — New Hampshire can be a lonely place once the primaries are over, I realized this when I saw a sign on the border that said, "Will the last reporter leaving Manchester please turn out the lights?"

I stopped for gas at a 7-Eleven in the town of Boon. The gas man, seeing my press credentials on the windshield, put his snow cap on and rushed over.

"If you want a wider shot you can set your TV camera over there," he said.

"I'm not here to set up cameras," I told him. "I just need some gas."

"Don't you want to know my opinion of George Bush?"

"It's too late," Buchwald said. "Nobody in the United States cares what you think about Bush anymore."

"Dan Rather cared what I thought. He snuck his mike in my mouth for two minutes."

"Dan's only interest now is South Carolina."

"Get off it, Jack Kemp never sat next to Gary Hart."

"Kemp didn't know it was Gary Hart. He thought it was Warren Beatty."

"What was Gary Hart doing in a 7-Eleven?"

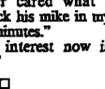
"He said he was looking for a voter to talk to — any voter."

"This seems to have been a busy store."

"We're the last 7-Eleven before you get to Concord, so everybody loads up here. Tom Brokaw bought a Span sandwich from the last month and asked if I was going to vote for Dukakis. I told Tom I would if it assured me of getting on the evening news. I said we in New Hampshire can't make up our minds unless we know we're appearing on prime time."

"I was about to call it a night when Ted Koppel came by with his crew and asked me to go on split screen as a typical Boon, New Hampshire, resident. I told him I'd be delighted since I had already done it for Dan Rather, Bryant Gumbel, Oprah Winfrey and Phil Donahue."

"Ted said he was looking for someone who wasn't so overexposed, so I called up my cousin who had only been on '60 Minutes.' The trouble with you TV fellers is you think that you can just drive up and find a New Hampshire media virgin who has never been interviewed on television."



"I would like a cup of coffee," I said.

"Jack Kemp always had a cup of coffee before he went out on the campaign trail. He sat right on that box over there next to Gary Hart."

**Record \$2.83 Million Paid for a Sapphire**

The Associated Press  
 GENEVA — An unidentified United States dealer paid a record 3.96 million Swiss francs (\$2.83 million) for a sapphire at a weekend auction in Switzerland, a spokeswoman for Sotheby's said Monday.

The price for the 62.02 carat stone broke the previous record for a colored sapphire set at the April 1987 auction in Geneva of the jewels of the Duchess of Windsor. A 19.77-carat emerald ring brought 3.19 million Swiss francs.

Self Esteem in California

By Jay Mathews  
 Washington Post Service

LOS ANGELES — Sure, people would love the idea of spending public money on something called the California Task Force to Promote Self-Esteem and Personal and Social Responsibility? Why shouldn't the cartoonist Gary Trudeau, and every editorial writer between here and Bangor, Maine, make fun of it?

Many thought it would sink quickly, one more West Coast quirk that, like orange juice stands and drive-in churches, had had its day. The skeptics forgot that many good ideas were born in ridicule, and that many Californians had long ago lost interest in what the rest of the world thought of them.

Thus it was that Friday, in a hotel ballroom jammed with people and throbbing with self-awareness, the father of the political arm of the self-esteem movement stood up to declare a year of triumph, over doubt, derision and negative vibrations.

"California is the state that more than any other has dared to wonder what it means to be human," said state Assemblyman John Vasconcellos, who won a three-year fight to persuade a skeptical legislature and grant it to set up the task force. The tall, rumples Democrat is now known as much for that as he is for his position as chairman of the Assembly Ways and Means Committee.

Jack Canfield, president of the Los Angeles-based Foundation for Self-Esteem and a member of the state task force, smiled and said, "I love Gary Trudeau. He did in two weeks what we thought would take two years to do, to raise the issue."

In the year since Trudeau's "Doonesbury" comic strip portrayed the task force as a refuge for metaphysicians and transcendentalists, but 72 California counties have set up self-esteem task forces (nine counties said no). Like the state task force, the counties found the number of volunteers for positions on the task forces breaking all records. At Friday's opening of the second annual Southern California Self-Esteem Conference, 700 people paying a

minimum of \$125 each drowned Vasconcellos and Canfield in applause and prepared for a week-end orgy of discussions on the care and feeding of the psyche.

Hundreds of them were teachers and educators, armed with studies that show that smiles and optimism and gentle encouragement in the classroom can transform schools and change young lives. The task force office in Sacramento has received a growing volume of mail from social workers and educators outside the state. Its members — a mix of fundamentalist Christians, gay activists, law enforcement officers, educators, counselors and New Age believers — predict that other states will follow suit once they see that the idea can save the state money spent on truant officers and prison cells.

Many of the exhibits scattered about the Airport Hyatt Hotel Friday retained the tinge of the "Dare to Be Great" self-esteem industry that has sometimes given the self-esteem movement a bad name. Videotapes competed with audio lectures for space, almost all with the message that will conquer all, that you can be whatever you want to be.

Canfield, whose foundation sponsored the conference in cooperation with the task force, ended his morning keynote speech with a pitch for his own set of merchandise — "Self-Esteem in the Classroom," "Self-Esteem: The Key to Success" and others. The set, he noted, usually sells for \$157, "but just \$105 if you buy Friday." Social movements need money, and none of the psychologists, school superintendents and



"MR. CHAIRPERSON, IT SEEMS LIKE TO REPORT TO THE TASK FORCE ON A VERY SELF-ESTEEM ENHANCING EXPERIENCE I HAD RECENTLY — A POST-LIFE REGRESSION!"

PEOPLE  
A Kennedy Connection?

Judith Campbell Exner, who 12 years ago described having an affair with President John F. Kennedy in the White House, says her terminal cancer has led her to admit another secret, that she was a conduit between him and the Mafia. "Now that I know I'm dying and nothing more can happen to me, I want to be completely honest," Exner, 54, told People magazine. "If I'd told the truth, I'd have been killed. I kept my secret out of fear." Exner said she arranged about 10 face-to-face meetings between Kennedy and the Chicago mob boss Sam Giancana while she and Kennedy were having an affair in 1960-61. Exner said she witnessed at least one of the Kennedy-Giancana meetings, and repeatedly crossed the country carrying envelopes between Kennedy, Giancana and another mobster. Exner first spoke publicly of her affair with the president in 1975, but told the Senate intelligence committee that year that Kennedy was unaware of her links to Giancana. Exner's name came up in Senate hearings into the Kennedy administration's alleged attempts to use the Mafia to kill the Cuban leader Fidel Castro. Kennedy "knew everything about my dealings with Sam Giancana and Johnny Roselli," the Chicago mob boss's man in Las Vegas "because I was seeing them for him." Exner said Frank Sinatra introduced her to Kennedy at a Las Vegas hotel on Feb. 7, 1960, and she and Kennedy began an affair about a month later. Shortly thereafter, Sinatra introduced her to Giancana in Miami Beach. Her affair with Kennedy had ended, she said, and she drifted into a brief affair with Giancana that ended when she rejected his proposal of marriage. He was shot to death in 1975, and Roselli was killed a year later.

Dudley Moore, who staggered to fame as a lovable fish in the movie "Arthur," has married the actress Rogan Lane, a week after his Valentine's Day proposal, his agent said. Moore, 52, and Lane, 28, were married Sunday in Las Vegas; the agent said, Moore's marriages to the actresses Suzy Kendall and Tuesday Weld ended in divorce. It was Lane's second marriage. Each has a son.

Sir John Mills, the British actor who won an Oscar in 1970 for his

role as a hunchback in "Ryan's Daughter," turned 80 Monday. The actor, whose career has spanned 55 years and more than 120 films and plays, is being feted with articles and film retrospectives. "His great achievement has been to show the qualities of English decency operating at every level of society," wrote Jeffrey Richards in the Daily Telegraph in an appreciation entitled "The English Everyman." Sir Richard Atteneborough, the Academy Award-winning director of "Gandhi" and a longtime friend and colleague, said Mills "gave film acting in England an integrity and a stature that nobody else did precisely in that way."

President Oscar Arias Sanchez of Costa Rica has announced he will use the \$365,000 he won from the 1987 Nobel Peace Prize to set up a foundation to help needy people in Costa Rica. The money will be used to "to fight poverty and other means of violence, reaffirming his faith in the ways of peace, of democracy and of freedom," Arias said. His wife, Margarita Penon, was named president of the Foundation for Peace and Human Progress.

Mayor Edward I. Koch of New York says he is giving up his campaign to boycott Manhattan movie theaters that charge \$7 admission, because moviegoers are not going along with it. "It's clear to me that moviegoers distressed with the higher prices are nevertheless willing to pay them, having no alternative other than to boycott, which they have not been doing," he said. "I don't know how many boycotts without mass support don't prevail."

INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED

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Partial view of another page containing text and an advertisement for "U.K. Irish As Soldier" with a portrait of a man.